

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XXVIII, NO. 42.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1937.

\$2.00 PER ANNUM

Beds and Mattresses

Bed Unit, 4 foot 6 inch mattress, good quality, cable spring, hotel bedsteads, heavy **\$24.50**
Parkhill Bed Set, 4 foot 6 inch spring, excellent quality, heavy cotton felt mattress, **\$22.50**
unit complete
Mattresses, excellent quality, set ticking covering on a tufted felt mattress, heavy well edge, 4 foot and 4 foot 6 inches, each **\$7.50**
Exceptional heavy weight mattress, heavy weight felt, superior grade floral ticking, 4 foot 6 inch and 4 foot 8 inches, each **\$9.75**
Hand-Painted China Cups and Saucers, 4 of a pattern, **35c**
excellent quality, each—

When You Think of Plumbing Phone 19 for High-Grade Service
HOME BUILDERS' HARDWARE CO.
R. N. Barnhill, Manager
BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

HIGHLY DEVELOPED BY-PRODUCT INDUSTRY.

COAL MINES, WALES

Winnipeg, Man.—One ton of Welsh coal on high temperature carbonization yields on an average, as primary by-products, 5 gallons of tar, 2 gallons of benzol (sold as a substitute for gasoline), 18 pounds of ammonia (as sulphate), and 10,000 cubic feet of gas. The tar is treated for the recovery of rosin, creosote and pitch. The demand for creosote, which is used extensively as a preservative of wood, has supplanted that for rosin and pitch. Twenty million gallons of creosote, anthracene, and tar oils were exported from Wales last year to the United States out of a total export of 35,000,000 gallons, according to the Industrial department of the Canadian National Railways. Canada took about 75,000 gallons. Pitch is used mainly as a binder in the manufacture of briquettes used for fuel. Other by-products of the Welsh coal mining industry are naphthalene, solvent naphtha, sheep dips, soil fumigants, sprays, compounds of tar and rubber for waterproofing roofs, preservative paint for metals, and wood preservatives in a number of colors. The gas is partly used for heating the coke-ovens and the surplus is sold to outside consumers burnt under boiler, or simply wasted.

During the week large audiences have attended the mission being conducted in the Columbus hall by the Redemptorist Fathers of Calgary, in honor of the Queen of the Holy Rosary. The mission opened at St. Anne's church on Sunday morning, and will conclude with a public meeting in the Columbus hall on Sunday night next.

Our Week-End Cash Specials

Choice Baby Beef Loin Roast	Lb	22c
Choice Baby Beef Leg	Lb	18c
Choice Baby Beef Shoulder Roast	Lb	12c
Choice Baby Beef Rolled and Boned	Lb	25c
No. 1 Beef Loin	Lb	15c
Beef Round Steak	2 lbs	25c
Boiling Beef	Lb	8c
Hamburger	3 lbs	25c
Pork Leg	Lb	25c
Pork Shoulder	Lb	20c
Lamb Leg or Loin	Lb	25c
Shoulder Lamb	Lb	15c
Pork Sausage	2 lbs	35c
Wiener	2 lbs	35c
Bologna, by the piece	2 lbs	25c
Head Cheese	Lb	15c
Smoked Spare Ribs	2 lbs	25c
Bacon, by the piece	Lb	25c
Calf Brains	Lb	10c
Tripe	2 lbs	25c
Pork Hocks	Lb	12c
Pears, Basket	2 lbs	25c
Grapes	2 lbs	25c
Garlic Sausage	5 lbs	60c

ALL CHOICE QUALITY MEATS ONLY
Fresh Milk Every Morning
Fresh Fish Direct from Vancouver every Thursday.
FRESH EGGS - CHICKEN - LARD - BUTTER
CENTRAL MEAT MARKET
Phone 294 V. KRIVSKY, Prop. P. O. Box 32

THE HOME AND SCHOOL ASSOCIATION CREED

Is There a Need in Blairmore For a Home and School Association?

We believe—that a Home and School Association should be concerned with all problems that relate to the welfare of the child in the home, school and community; That its great object should be to interest all people in all children, and to link in common purpose the home, the school and other educative forces in the life of the child, to work for his highest good;

That it should learn first hand all school conditions and all town conditions affecting the child;

That it should encourage all influences and conditions which will ensure the growth and safety of the child;

That it should work actively to supply the school and community needs by creating public sentiment which will favor and provide good teachers, good school equipment and adequate recreation for leisure time;

That it should give service to the home by training for parenthood and homemaking, and to the school by aiding parent power to school power;

That it should not be the means of entertainment, or charity, or criticism of school authority, but a co-operative, non-partisan, non-sectarian, non-commercial effort to produce Canadian citizens who shall be capable of perpetuating the best in our national life.

We finally believe that the principles which guide the Home and School Association have the embodiment of educational endeavor, social service, civic virtues, patriotism and ideals of world peace.

Robert Oakes, chairman of the organization committee for a Home and School Association in Blairmore, announced that a general meeting of the citizens of Blairmore will be held at some suitable date in the very near future. If you are interested in the welfare of the children of the town, you will assist this organization by attending the meeting.

Watch for a public announcement giving date and place of meeting.

Twenty-five pairs of Chukar partridge are to be imported into Alberta from northern India. They have been obtained by the Calgary Fish and Game Association through California breeders. The Chukar is noted for its ability to adapt itself to any environment and rapid increase under protective supervision is looked for by sportsmen. It is larger than the Hungarian and nestings range from ten to fourteen eggs.

COLEMAN IS HIGHLIGHTER

Excellent weather favored the annual Crow's Nest Pass Intercollegiate Track and Field meet here on Friday last.

Following is list of honors:

A CLASS
Boys (Elementary School): Running high jump—L. E. McDade, Hillcrest; 2, Nick Polski, Coleman; 3, J. Moore, Coleman; 4, A. Wytyla, Hillcrest.

Running broad jump—J. Moore; N. Polski; J. Burris, Hillcrest; L. Grushuk, Hillcrest.

Standing broad jump—J. Moore; J. Burris; J. Gregory, Coleman; J. Posti, Bellevue.

60 yards dash—J. Moore; W. Galicia, Blairmore; E. Silverhorn, Blairmore; B. Galicia, Blairmore.

220 yards relay—Coleman, Blairmore, Bellevue, Hillcrest.

A CLASS GIRLS

Running high jump—V. Silverhorn, Blairmore; K. McLean, Bellevue; H. Guimond, Coleman; J. Kyle, Hillcrest.

Running broad jump—A. Battel, Blairmore; K. McLean; J. Kyle; S. Haggerty, Hillcrest.

60 yards dash—J. Sikoff, Bellevue; S. Stella, Blairmore; K. McLean; Helen Guimond.

220 yards relay—Blairmore, Hillcrest, Coleman, Bellevue, Hillcrest.

B CLASS BOYS

Running high jump—H. Thomas, Coleman; M. Kovac, Coleman; A. Ferrisini, Blairmore; A. Patterson, Blairmore.

Running broad jump—H. Thomas; J. Paul, Bellevue; J. Golding, Coleman; M. Kovac.

100 yards dash—H. Thomas; J. Paul; K. Kovac; V. Porti, Hillcrest.

Shot put—M. Harry, Coleman; A. Ferrisini; D. M. Martin, Coleman; G. Ritchie, Bellevue.

440 yards relay—Coleman, Bellevue, Blairmore, Hillcrest.

B CLASS GIRLS

Running high jump—M. Fantin, Bellevue; L. Devine, Coleman; L. Snider, Coleman; M. Fungilli, Hillcrest.

Running broad jump—M. Fantin; P. Paul, Bellevue; M. Margaret, Blairmore; L. Snider.

70 yards dash—P. Paul; M. Fantin; Snider; V. Kuhl, Blairmore.

Baseball throw—M. Fantin; A. Patterson, Blairmore; L. Siega, Bellevue; P. Paul.

220 yards relay—Bellevue, Coleman, Blairmore, Hillcrest.

C CLASS BOYS

Shot put—H. Marcolin, Bellevue; H. Draper, Hillcrest; E. D'Appollonia, Coleman; S. Benane, Hillcrest.

100 yards dash—H. Marcolin; B. Emmerson, Coleman; J. Lenchucha, Blairmore; F. Sharpe, Coleman.

Running high jump—B. Emmerson; H. Marcolin; J. Lenchucha; F. Slugg, Coleman.

Running hop, step and jump—H. Marcolin; B. Emmerson; V. Brown, Coleman; F. Slugg.

Running broad jump—J. Lenchucha; H. Marcolin; R. Richards, Hillcrest; B. Emmerson.

One mile run—E. D'Appollonia; J. McLaferly, Bellevue; D. M. Martin; S. Benane.

440 yards run—H. Marcolin; H. Thomas; B. Emmerson; H. McLaferly.

Pole vault—H. Draper; H. Thomas; S. Benane; H. Marcolin.

440 yards relay—Coleman, Bellevue, Hillcrest, Blairmore.

C CLASS GIRLS

100 yards dash—A. Brown, Coleman; A. Chala, Blairmore; H. Wilchak, Hillcrest; D. Semanin, Blairmore.

Running high jump—L. McDonald, Coleman; N. Watson, Bellevue; A. Chala; A. Salant, Hillcrest.

Running broad jump—A. Salant; L. McDonald; A. Chala; M. Tennis, Coleman.

Baseball throw—D. Semanin; A. Chala; A. Salant; B. Avelo, Bellevue.

440 yards relay—Coleman, Bellevue, Hillcrest, Blairmore.

The number of points won by each school were as follows: Coleman 147, Bellevue 109, Blairmore 72 and Hillcrest 15.

Medals to competitors securing the highest and second highest number of points in their respective classes were awarded as follows:

A Class, Boys—Silver, John Moore, Coleman, 22 points; bronze, Nick Polski, Coleman, 11 points. Girls, silver, Kate McLean, Bellevue, 13 points; bronze, Clara Stella, Blairmore, 8 points.

B Class, Boys—Silver, Harry Thomas, Coleman, 31 points; bronze, Milan Kovac, Coleman, 14 points. Girls, silver—Mary Fantin, Bellevue, 23 points; bronze, Patricia Paul, Bellevue, 14 points.

C Class, Boys—Silver, Hugo Marcolin, Bellevue, 30 points; bronze, Robert Emmerson, Coleman, 17 points. Girls, silver—Isabel McDonald, Coleman, 10 points; bronze, Agnes Chala, Blairmore, 11 points.

In Supreme Court on Wednesday, Mr. Justice Ives declared invalid an order-in-council of the Alberta government which would prevent court actions challenging validity of legislation without permission of the lieutenant-governor-in-council. R. P. Wallace, clerk of the Alberta supreme court, was fined one dollar without costs for declining to enter a statement of claim questioning legality of debt legislation.

ROBERT WELSH PASSES

One of the best known and most highly respected residents of the Cowley-Lundre district passed away early Tuesday morning in the person of Robert Welsh, at the ripe age of 82. He had been in failing health for some time and just after midnight of Monday took a turn for the worse, and following a severe coughing spell, passed away about 2 o'clock.

Deceased was born in Spencerville, Ontario, and with his wife came to Cowley in 1901. During his many years of residence in the district he had been regarded as one of the most prosperous ranchers. With the aid of his sons, he ran a farm about two miles southeast of Lundre.

He is survived by his wife and eight children: William; Gordon, of Chapel Rock; Mrs. W. E. Tustian (Agnes); of Cowley; Mrs. Elvin Tustian (Ethel); of Parkland; Jack, municipal district secretary at Cowley; Wilfred and Harvey at home, and Mrs. W. Drake (Annie), at Frank.

Funeral services were held in the Cowley United church yesterday afternoon, and the remains were laid to rest in the Cowley cemetery.

The sympathy of a wide circle of friends is extended to the bereaved family.

NEWFOUNDLAND IS ONE OF CANADA'S BEST CUSTOMERS

Montreal—Newfoundland buys the greater portion of her imports from Canada, the value averaging ten million dollars a year and the most important item of them is flour, followed by meat, coal and coke, machinery, clothing, gasoline, rubber footwear, paper other than newspaper, tinned milk, oats, kerosene oil, cattle feed, etc.

The market is of special value to manufacturers located in the Maritime Provinces and Quebec, much of the surplus agricultural products of these provinces finding a ready market in Newfoundland, such as hay, oats, dairy products, apples, potatoes and live cattle.

With 98 per cent of the population British, there is a distinct leaning towards the purchase of Empire goods. The city of St. John's, the capital, is equidistant from Montreal, Quebec, and Liverpool, England (approximately 1,600 miles).

Canada has many advantages. Currency, language and customs are the same and Canadian banks maintain branches in all the main centres. Communications, particularly telegraph and cable services, are efficient and comparatively cheap, and railway connection is provided by the lines of the Canadian National Railways from North Sydney, N.S., the Newfoundland Government Railway maintaining steamship connection across the Gulf of St. Lawrence between North Sydney and Port aux Basques, Nfld., a distance of about 90 miles. There is also steamship connection via Halifax, N.S.

DRY DISTRICT MAN GIVEN INSPECTOR'S POST

Cardston, Oct. 14.—Lee Gilchrist, former town manager, has recently been appointed to the staff of the Alberta Liquor Control Board. His new duties concern the inspecting of licensed hotels, none of which are in the Cardston district.

The Greek minister of education has appointed a commissioner to revise the Greek classics, expurgating all references to liberty and democracy. It is reported that some difficulty is being experienced with Aristotle and Plato, but it is anticipated that this will soon be solved. Next the commission has orders to revise Shakespeare and Shaw. Try as he will, Mr. Abernath cannot keep up with these European fellows.—Financial Post.

CANADIAN YOUTH TRAINING (ALBERTA PROGRAMME)

Under the Dominion-Provincial Training scheme a widely representative committee of people in educational, agricultural, industrial and municipal fields was set up and called together by the chairman, Dr. G. Fred McNally, Deputy Minister of Education, for the purpose of discussing the various projects which might be undertaken under the grant. This committee, composed of some twenty persons, representative of all parts of the province, met on Monday, October 13, in the office of the deputy minister of education, Parliament Buildings, Edmonton.

In order to publicize the work of the committee and thus allow the youth of the province to know what is being done, it was agreed to prepare posters, outlining the five projects to be undertaken. These posters were being placed in all public places, the employment bureau in the six larger centres, Calgary, Edmonton, Medicine Hat, Lethbridge, Red Deer and Drumheller. Application blanks will accompany these posters and the youth interested should fill these out at once and send to J. H. Rogers, Director of Youth Training, Telephone Building, Calgary, not later than October 25th. Applicants should indicate on their application their second and third choices of vocational training in case the quota for their first choice is already filled.

All youth interested should list in radio stations CKUA and CFCB for further particulars as they develop. Time specified is as follows: 8 to 5.30 p.m. Friday, October 22nd. The money to be expended were allocated under five specific headings shown as schedules A, B, C, D and E and a surplus for each project appointed. The projects are as follows:

Project "A"—Under the direction of the Department of Extension, University of Alberta, in co-operation with the Department of Agriculture. This project will call for the setting up of between 20 and 30 schools and short courses for young men and young women between 18 and 30 years of age in strategic rural centres throughout the province. The courses offered will consist of practical agricultural subjects, including field crops, animal husbandry, soils, poultry, farm mechanics, dairying, horticulture and small fruit raising. Courses for young women will include household economics covering foods, nutrition, health, clothing, beautification and poultry, gardening and fruit culture, and practical handicrafts. Courses for youth will run for a minimum of ten days to ten weeks duration, the majority of them running for approximately four weeks. In addition to the practical courses outlined above there will be also courses in health, recreation and life cattle.

Project "B"—This Forestry project which has been set up to train sixty young men to live in an out of town camp under the direction and supervision of provincial foresters, is aimed at raising the interest of young men for Forestry who failed through late registration or otherwise to be provided for by this project are advised to put in an application for registration in any other course in which they may be interested.

Project "C"—This project is divided into two divisions: (a) the provision of a 3 months course in all phases of house work to 40 young women at one time, at an approximate cost of \$40 per student. This branch of the project is a follow-up service to provide personal contact with graduates of the school and their employers. The establishment of a bureau of specialized services under qualified personnel to give assistance to young women. The project will be a course for reconditioning of unemployed young women by health instruction, group activities and recreation. Under the guidance of local committees in Calgary and Edmonton this project is already under way.

Project "D"—Is a project for the occupational and vocational training of unemployed young men and women between the ages of 18 and 30, and also provides for reconditioning and refresher courses. A survey is being made through the mail at the present time, addressed to all employers of labor, requesting assistance by answers to a questionnaire regarding present requirements, future requirements, possible opportunities, etc. for placing students as apprentices. According to plan now under way the youth will be given a preliminary "try-out" period of from 4 to 6 weeks in which to find themselves. This preliminary training will give them the opportunity to select, with the assistance of the supervisors, the particular vocation in which they are interested. This project provides for 400 youths during this preliminary period, where such assistance is necessary. Further arrangements will be made to train about 500 weeks of instruction in industry for students who show the greatest aptitude for specific trades.

Schedule "E"—A project under the direction of the Department of Agriculture for the training of young men as follows:

1. The placing of 140 youths on farms under the supervision of district agriculturists.
2. The placing of 15 youth on fur farms under the supervision of the game commission in the provinces.
3. The placing of 10 youths on



"Serve the Church that the Church May Serve You."

CENTRAL UNITED CHURCH

Rev. Albert E. Larks, Minister

11 a.m.—Senior Sunday School.
2 p.m.—Junior Sunday School.
7.30 p.m.—Public Worship.
Wednesdays at 8 p.m.—Prayer Service.

REGULAR BAPTISTS

Pastor J. W. MacDonald, Minister

In the Union Hall.
Services Sunday next:
11 a.m.—Morning service.
7.30 p.m.—Evening service.
Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Prayer and Bible study.
You are cordially invited to our services.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH NOTES

Rev. A. S. Partington, R.A., Rector

Sunday services: Directory class at 10.30 a.m. Sunday school 3 p.m. Salvation meeting 7.30 p.m. Come and enjoy an hour in God's house.
Monday at 7 p.m.: Y. P. Legion.
Tuesday, 7 p.m.: Home League, all ladies are heartily invited to attend.
Friday, 7 p.m.: Young people's meeting.

THE SALVATION ARMY

Coleman, Alberta

Lieutenants Mattison and Hewitt

Sunday services: Directory class at 10.30 a.m. Sunday school 3 p.m. Salvation meeting 7.30 p.m. Come and enjoy an hour in God's house.
Monday at 7 p.m.: Y. P. Legion.
Tuesday, 7 p.m.: Home League, all ladies are heartily invited to attend.
Friday, 7 p.m.: Young people's meeting.

School chalk was being used quite freely on buildings and fences around town of late, and on Thursday morning some of those connected with the work were lined up by Principal Macpherson, and with full cleaning equipment were taken around and compelled to make a clean-up, which occupied about a couple of hours. Mr. Macpherson is to be commended for his action, which should serve as a lesson to the boys—and girls—involved. Anyhow, it would be interesting to find out how the kids are getting at the chalk supply. Some, however, are said to have been using chunks of rock lime. And the kids are not confining their activities to the use of chalk, for wax or some other material has been used repeatedly to deface advertising posters, etc. Only a few days ago, a large poster, valued at \$2.00, hanging in front of the Orpheum theatre, was literally destroyed.

poultry farms under the supervision of the Provincial Poultry Commissioner.

4. The placing of 5 youths in creameries to act as helpers.

To each of the above plans the student as trainee will be allowed \$10 per month and the farmer, as employer to whom they are apprenticed, will receive \$10 per month.

5. The placing of 40 youths in the schools of agriculture to take a course especially arranged for such students.

The above five projects are for urban (town) youth.

6. The placing of 30 rural youth, to be selected from the drought area, for training at Olds and Vermilion schools of Agriculture. These students will enter the regular classes and are allowed \$30 per month for fees and maintenance.

The supervisors in charge of the several projects are as follows:

Project "A"—Donald Cameron, Acting Director, Dept. of Extension, University of Alberta.

Project "B"—J. A. Hutchison, Forestry Branch, Dept. of Lands and Mines, Provincial Government.

Project "C"—Dr. W. G. Carpenter, Principal, Institute of Technology and Art, Calgary, Alberta.

Project "D"—Joe H. Ross, Principal, Western Canada High School, Calgary, Alberta.

Project "E"—H. A. Craig, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Provincial Government.

NATURE SAYS CHEW!

Personality In Education

Too much stress cannot be laid upon the importance of the personality of the teacher as the chief internal factor in the educational systems of Western Canada if these systems are successfully to bear the burden which has been imposed upon them to lay the foundation of a virile and basically sound citizenry.

It is not enough that the teacher be erudite or that he or she be thoroughly grounded in principles of psychology and methodology. It is not even sufficient that the pedagogue, to use an old fashioned term, be an expert in the art of imparting knowledge to his or her charges. The teacher may have all these essential attributes and yet not have the personality necessary to inspire character, without which education is but a mere shell.

Personality has been defined as "that which constitutes distinction of person; distinctive personal character; individuality. Personality implies complex being or character having distinctive and persistent traits, among which reason, self-consciousness and self-activity are usually reckoned as essential" and Coleridge defined it as "individuality existing in itself but with a nature as a ground."

With these definitions as a background in the mind, the importance of personality in those who are charged, along with the parents, with the development of a future race which is as yet in the melting pot can scarcely be exaggerated.

For it is axiomatic that as the twig is bent so will the tree become, and the twig will be bent as the teacher wills and directs it, consciously or unconsciously, and the determining factor in this process is the teacher's personality rather than his precept.

The success of the public school system of Great Britain is based upon the knowledge of the importance of this influence and the effect that the personality of the teacher will have upon the character of the pupils under his care. It is because of this that personality is regarded as the fundamental qualification, though not the only one, for headmastership in the great public schools of the old land.

Over there it is well known and recognized that the personality of the teacher will leave an ineradicable impress on the pupil, an imprint which will glow throughout life and will dominate thought, word and action until the closing scene.

And withal that is a natural sequence of submitting young and impressionable minds to the guidance of one individual for many hours a day in the formative period of youth.

Three important elements enter into the scheme of the education of youth. They are matter, method and personality. The first two have a relative importance in the educational structure, but without the last-mentioned, enduring results could only be insignificant, almost to the zero border.

Sometimes in the controversies which arise from time to time over the subjects which should be taught in the primary and secondary schools and the manner in which these subjects should be presented to the inquiring mind, the fact that the personality of the teacher and his influence on character building transcends the mechanics of education, is minimized or overlooked altogether. Of far greater importance to the future of the student and of the nation in which he will take his place, is what he will be, than what he will know or how he learned what he will know.

Good progress in this direction has been made in this country to date, despite the fact that the country is so young and has had to build up an educational system at short notice, and it is to be hoped that the distractions of economic and restless conditions will not be permitted to call a halt in the march towards this important objective and that as the primary objective it will not be forgotten.

In post-war years important strides were made in the educational systems of the country. Academic and professional standards were raised and other restrictions were imposed which, along with improved remuneration for teachers, served to make the teaching profession more attractive than it had been in the earlier days when it was used, more often than not, as a stepping stone to other spheres of work or to marriage.

In the more recent difficult years of drought and depression, however, the principal objective of custodians of the schoolhouse has necessarily been towards keeping the school open, all the time if possible, and if not, at least part of the school year. Makeshift measures have had to be adopted, but despite the handicaps imposed by strenuous conditions, in the great majority of instances, teachers, trustees and ratepayers have striven the utmost of their meagre resources in a valiant effort to live up to their obligations to the future generation.

During this period the teachers have in a substantial measure sacrificed a great deal to remain true to their trust and for their sakes as well as for the sake of the children it is to be hoped that the end of these difficult times lies in the immediate future and that ratepayers and parents will again be able to press further without serious encumbrance towards the goal that it is so essential to the progress of the country—a well equipped schoolhouse and means to adequately recompense a teacher with a personality.

A Common Failing

Many People Do Not Get Much Out

During the past two years, writes William Moulton Marston, in the *Rotarian* Magazine, I have asked 2,997 persons, "What do you live for?" I discovered that 40 per cent are merely enduring the present for some future event or condition. Poor souls! They are wasting to-day's realities for tomorrow's speculations, sitting bored at a great entertainment, waiting for a better show which may never open. It's a common failing.

The ocean waters of the world contain about 25 trillion dollars' worth of gold in suspension, according to the estimates of scientists.

Treatment Of Sickness

Former Health Officer Of England Praises U.S. System

Sir Arthur Newsholme, former chief health officer of England and Wales, praised the free treatment of sickness as practised in the United States. He spoke at the 66th annual meeting of the American Public Health Association.

Sir Arthur said that from Shakespearean days, no impoverished person in his own country needed to suffer from lack of food, shelter or medical care.

Sir Arthur, told of the work of the British National Health Insurance Act of 1907, which, he said, provides medical treatment for one-third of the total population of England and Wales.

Franklin Was Right

Engineers Prove Lightning Rods Are Great Protection

Benjamin Franklin's fame seems certain to go on forever. In the whole history of science no other figure has grown so steadily in stature after death. Nearly two centuries ago Franklin invented the lightning rod. Ridicule, over-enthusiastic acceptance, exploitation by the unscrupulous—all have been the lot of that device. And now come the pronouncements of engineers with all the latest scientific instruments to prove that almost everything that Franklin believed and said about his lightning rods was right. The chief difference is that importance of the rods has changed ends. Instead of the branched, pointed and gold-tipped upper end on which lightning rod salesmen used to set such store, modern experts are more concerned about the bottom.

At the laboratories of the General Electric Company at Pittsfield, Mass., where artificial lightning has been a plaything for several years, K. R. McEachron and his assistants have found the franker of natural bolts. One recent instance is instructive. This bolt struck a tree forty feet from a bunkhouse where a boy was standing at the window. The house was not struck, but the boy was killed.

What happened, Mr. McEachron decides from fingerprints of lightning along its path, was that the bolt followed one root of the tree, got from that into a small stream of rainwater, followed this to the foundation of the house and then struck upward through the unfortunate youngster. From his chest the bolt jumped to a near-by metal saucepan, thence to a radio antenna, next to electric wires leading to a neighbouring building and finally to the telephone system, through a wire hanging near an electric lamp. The telephone system, at last, proved equal to the strain, and led the lightning off into the ground.

From the lightning's viewpoint this friskish path was simple and direct. The bolt was seeking the smoothest way into the ground. Ground used to be tree top, dry, hence the path by root and stream into the bunkhouse. Hence, also, the importance of the lower end of a lightning rod, where its buried tip or metal end plate is close to ground water, as Franklin long ago found, it should be safest of all places in a storm is to be inside a lightning rod with its lower end thoroughly grounded.—*New York Herald Tribune.*

The Bluenose Challenged

Race May Take Place Off New York In 1939

We have still our old Bluenose, a boat which has stirred the Bluenose pride, whose graceful lines are still a thing of wonder, whose likeness adorns our dimes and whose picture on one of our special postage stamps, has commanded the admiration of philatelists throughout the world, so much so, that some of them go the length of saying it is the most beautiful stamp of all the collections. Despite the struggles the boat has had with wind and tide and accident, she still carries on and does her daily don.

And now Ben Fine, skipper of the Thebaud, comes forward to challenge his old antagonist, Angus Walters, to again try conclusions with the Bluenose, suggesting the race take place off New York in 1939 at this year's World's Fair. This will give adequate time for preparation, provide an ample stage on which to run the race, and will be an attraction to all the lovers of salt water and those who sail it. "It should not be difficult to so arrange and there will be the widest general approval."—*Halifax Chronicle.*

Something To Puzzle Over

How long is a piece of string, and why? I ask for information, not being able myself to supply the answer. The question, I am assured, by one who had to cope with it, has just been put in an examination for candidates for prison wardenships. It may, of course, have been a species of intelligence test. Capacity to deal with such a problem would no doubt argue ability to face most crises in life successfully.—*London Spectator.*

Capital Is Right

On being asked to write down a definition of "capital punishment," says the Christian Science Monitor, a Glasgow schoolboy submitted this: "Being locked in an ice-cream or chocolate factory for a week-end and, in my opinion, be capital punishment."

Great Britain reports a boom in recruiting for the territorial army.

Monkeys are refreshed by large eagles of the tropics.

USED TO WAKE UP WITH A HEADACHE

Now Fresh and Lively Every Morning

Here is a man who woke up every morning with a dull headache. Then Kruschen transformed his days. Read his letter:—

"I used to wake up in the morning with a dull headache. A year ago, I started taking Kruschen Salts regularly. To-day, I wake up fresh and lively and can do my day's work without any exertion. I can recommend Kruschen for anyone suffering from headaches and constipation, and for putting new life into you. I intend to continue with Kruschen for the rest of my life."—E.P.

Headaches can nearly always be traced to a disordered stomach, and to the unexpended retention in the system of stagnating waste material which poisons the blood. Remove these poisons—prevent them from forming again—and you'll never have to worry any more. And that is just how Kruschen Salts brings quick and lasting relief from headaches.

Might Prove Beneficial

Freak Will May Result In Modern Inheritance Bill

A husband who bequeathed his wife the equivalent of seven cents to purchase a noose, and added a hope she would make use of it without delay, may ultimately prove to be a benefactor.

The strange request at least has sent a group of parliamentarians into action to put an end to wills that disinherited wives and children.

Headed by Miss Eleanor Rathbone, independent member of Parliament for the combined English Universities, a delegation will wait upon Prime Minister Chamberlain to urge introduction of a modern inheritance bill.

For years members of Parliament representing all parties have sought to bring English law into line with legislation prevailing in Scotland and some of the dominions.

Proponents of a new inheritance bill declare incidents of eccentric bequests are all too frequent. Here are two cited:—

A London man directed that his wife should be given "one pair of trousers, free of duty and carriage paid, as a symbol of what she wanted to wear in my life-time—but did not."

Another left his widow the sum of one farthing to be sent her by post in an unstamped envelope. As the letter contained coin and was not registered, the woman had to pay a registration fee of eight pence in addition to two pence for excess postage.

ALICE STEVENS' RECIPES

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

If your pulled candy seems at all sticky, roll the pieces in icing sugar. This prevents them sticking together. Remove wind me wool in skeins and wash to remove the dirt in the wool. Bend your arm and wrap up to your hand. This makes a convenient sized skein and it is very easy to wind. Whenever possible, cook apples without peeling them. The skin contains cellulose which is a valuable element.

Save the leaves of celery. Dry these slowly in the oven and save them for vegetable soup next winter.

Rayon is made from wood-pulp and softens in water. Great care must be exercised in washing rayon. Do not rub or wring the material as this puts it out of shape.

Add corn syrup to candy to prevent it going grainy.

Use very few spices and flavorings in cooking apples. Try to develop the natural flavor of the apples.

Store your jars of preserves away from the light, so that the fruit does not lose its color.

Avoid overloading the washing machine. A small quantity of clothes is cleaned more easily and there is less strain on the machine.

Treat your linoleum at regular intervals with wax, varnish or shellac. It is not only easier to keep the floors clean, but the linoleum wears much longer.

Serve child or invalid two small servings rather than one large serving. They are much more apt to eat a large amount.

Readers are invited to write to Alice Stevens' Home Service for free advice on home cooking and household problems. Address letters to Winnipeg, *Newspaper Editor*, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

Like Canadian Glue

Liquor dealer M. Robinson at Houston, Texas, wants Canada to change the formula of the glue it puts on liquor stamps. He said many of the makers of the glue use Canadian stamps in his store, but had not, molested the stamps of other countries. Other stores disclosed the same thing had happened to their Canadian stamps.

The Duke of Wellington was 46 years old at the battle of Waterloo; Blucher was 73.

Gifts For Royalty

Sent From Toronto To Queen Elizabeth And Her Daughters

The two beautiful embroidered purses for the Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret Rose, and chiton handkerchief for Queen Elizabeth, which were the work of Mrs. J. Malloy, 131A, Booth avenue, Toronto, and presented on her behalf by the Canadian National Exhibition, have been sent to Buckingham Palace.

The fine examples of Canadian needlework for the Queen and the Princesses were officially taken over by E. W. Scott, representative of the Canadian National Exhibition, and sent to Montreal for shipment on the Duchess of Bedford. The package was addressed to G. H. Ward, Canadian National Exhibition representative, in London, who arranged for its delivery to the Royal Family.

The handkerchief for Queen Elizabeth is of pure rose, embroidered with the King George Coronation, the Scottish thistle, the Bowes-Lyon crest and the jewelled sceptre and crown. The little moire bags are of the latest design and are embroidered with the rose, thistle and oak leaf, acorns, and oak and maple leaves. The one for Princess Elizabeth is more elaborate than that of Princess Margaret Rose and has a Royal Crown done in gold and jewel colors, whereas that of Princess Margaret Rose has a coronet.

Has Taken Many Years

To Shave Six Seconds Off The Mile

When Stanley Wooderson, a spidery English man clerk, smashed the world's record for the one mile run in London a short time ago he started a flock of armchair runners figuring out once more how soon it will be before someone runs the mile in four minutes flat.

Wooderson's mile was made in four minutes, six and six-tenths seconds, which is just one-fifth of a second faster than the old mark held by Glenn Cunningham, of Kansas, the United States titleholder.

It has taken the great foot runner of the world just 22 years to shave six seconds off the mark. If they keep up the same rate of progress it will be around 1960 before we come down to the four-minute mark. Back in 1915 Norman Taber, of United States, held the world's mark at 4:12 3-5.—*Winnipeg Free Press.*

Punishment Was Draconic

How a village committee in India hanged a man for marrying a woman of lower caste is reported from the Village of Rangpur, near Sirmoor State. First the members of his caste tried social ostracism, but the victim treated the boycott with amused contempt. So the committee held a midnight meeting at which it was decided that the man's breach of the caste rules should be punished with death.

New German military scientists are discussing the possibilities of germ warfare on civilian populations. That "next war" is getting nearer and fiercer.

The accordion, smallest member of the organ family, produces the greatest volume of sound, for its size, of any musical instrument.

WATCH OUT FOR YOUR LIVER!

And You'll Always Feel Great

Do you often say, "I feel rotten"—tired out, no pep, hate to get up mornings, grumpy headachy, nervous, constipated, the reason is a sick liver. A healthy liver does four things. It supplies the body's natural laxative, puts most nourishment in your blood, helps the kidneys, intestines and stomach, supplies the body with energy. If it is healthy your system is poised and set of order. "Fruit-A-Tives" made from fruit and herbal extracts, are the quickest, safest and most natural way of restoring your liver to health. A celebrated doctor's formula. Soon you feel like a new person. Try Fruit-A-Tives. 35c, 75c, all druggists.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIVER TABLETS

Engine Driver Retires

Engineer Of British Railway Had Long Record

George Stone, engine-driver to three kings and maker of railway records, has retired after more than 50 years service with the London, Midland and Scottish Railway.

Although 65 years old, he was known as "Young Stony," a nickname bestowed on him more than 40 years ago to distinguish him from his father, also a long-service engine-driver. One of his chief regrets in leaving the footplate was that his service could not be extended another 13 months. That extra spell would have given him and his father 100 years of service between them.

Here are some of "Young Stony's" notable achievements:

First man to drive a railway train non-stop from London to Scotland; became on the first allocation as engine to leave Euston Station in 1893; drove three kings—George V, Edward VIII, and George VI.

"In 50 years I've learned to love engines and shall hate to leave them," he said. "You can sell an old motor car and buy a new one without a thought, but it makes me sad to see the old engines go when they're worn out. It's like losing a trusted friend."

In his 27 years behind the throttle Stone did not have an accident.

Showmen Are Worried

Freaks For Country Fairs In Britain Are Scarce

Showmen of Britain who organize the countless fairs in country towns and villages are complaining of a shortage of freaks. They are seeking new ideas and have started to learn at their annual meeting in London that there was a general scarcity of even the older variety of freaks. The chiefs of the fair industry are sending men to scour the country for attractions. In particular, there is a dearth of "India rubber men," those queer creatures who stretch their skin in sidehows.

Cave Is Well Named

Manmuth Cave, Kentucky, has five levels, with 225 explored avenues, 47 domes, 23 pits, eight catacombs, three rivers, two lakes, and one sea. The actual space worked out of the limestone, according to estimates, embraces 12,000,000 cubic yards.

It has been found that bees sting hurt worse in the fall than in the spring.

TRY THIS NEW WAXED TISSUE PACK

STO-PAK

Wrap Your Food

YOU'LL be delighted with the simplicity of Sto-Pak's waxed paper. It's clean, it's safe, it's just what you need for kitchen use. Then pull one sheet of Sto-Pak up on the roll as you require it. You can't pull any more because of the time it takes to pull. Try Sto-Pak today. You'll find it the handiest thing in the kitchen.

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For Real Economy-Better Flavour

PURITY FLOUR

Best for all your Baking

SAYS DESIRE OF BRITAIN IS TO LIVE AT PEACE

Manchester.—Prime Minister Chamberlain stated the government's proper function in relation to industry was to create conditions under which trade and commerce could most successfully be carried on, while exercising only "so much control as may be necessary in the public interest."

Addressing the association of British chambers of commerce here, the prime minister touched briefly on foreign affairs. "The desire to live at peace with our neighbors" was the main purpose of Great Britain's foreign policy, he said.

"It is not in the temperament of our people to bear malice," he added, "and I think we have the shortest memory for quarrels of any nation in the world."

Were Great Britain to be attacked "We should know how to defend ourselves as we always have done in the past," but "if we are striving—as we are night and day—to re-arm ourselves, it is not that we have sinister designs against anybody else."

"Sometimes we are credited with more than a Machiavellian degree of cunning," the prime minister continued, "but the simple fact is that the main purpose of our foreign policy is the desire to live at peace with our neighbors and to use our influence to induce them, if we can, to resolve difficulties by peaceful discussions and not to resort to war."

"I doubt whether our foreign policy ever was less aggressive than it is today."

Even as the voluntary system was best for the British empire forces, he said, it was preferred to compulsion toward industry. "We try to exercise the minimum control consistent with prevention of any abuse," he declared in outlining the government's attitude toward business. He referred to the evolution of a system of adjusting wages through boards of trade and minimum wages, as examples of this theory.

The prime minister doubted whether industry was spending enough toward research. "Our task is to find new lines of manufacture and these can only be successfully established by intensive research, and full utilization of the results of research," he said.

The modern British businessman recognizes he has a responsibility to ward the state as well as toward the business he controls, the prime minister added. "And it is perhaps in that fact is to be found the secret of the success of our democratic institutions. So long as that remains true, we may be sure those institutions are not in any danger."

Italy Sends More Men

To Reinforce Garrison In North Africa.—Italy sent 7,000 Fascist troops from Naples to Libya to reinforce its North African garrison, already reported much stronger numerically than troops in Egypt and French Tunis bordering Libya. The troops followed the 2,500 men who sailed recently for the same destination.

These reinforcements, added to the forces already sent, and the native Libyan troops dispatched to East Africa during the Ethiopian war and which have now returned to their original bases, will bring the total effective in Italy's North African colony to an estimated 33,000.

Valuable Dogs Burned

Swift Current.—The lives of 20 dogs came to a tragic end when the building they were housed in, north-east of the city in the Riverside section caught fire. The dogs were under care of J. McAlush and were valuable purebred specimens, including valuable springer and cocker spaniels.

Convicted Brother Alive

San Francisco.—Convinced his brother, Sir Charles Kingsford-Smith, is alive, R. H. K. Smith has sailed for Sydney, Australia, to join a search for the aviator, missing almost two years. Sir Charles was last flying from London to Australia in November, 1935.

Conference On Pensions

Ottawa.—A Dominion-provincial conference on old age pensions will be held in Ottawa, November 2. It was announced here by Finance Minister Dunning. It will discuss amendments to the present act and general administrative problems with a view to securing uniformity and efficiency.

Former Premier Of B.C.

Dr. Toimie Dies At His Residence In Victoria—Hon. Simon Fraser Toimie, former premier of British Columbia, minister of agriculture in two federal cabinets and five times a member of the House of Commons, is dead.

Death came to Dr. Toimie at the family residence at Cloverdale, just outside Victoria. He had been ill for the past few months.

Premier of British Columbia from 1928 to 1933 when he was practically drafted by the provincial Conservative party to forsake Ottawa, where he was Dominion organizer for the party, Dr. Toimie was Conservative member for Victoria in the House of Commons, his fifth term in the federal house.

Dr. Toimie was born in Victoria, Jan. 25, 1867, the son of Dr. William Fraser Toimie and Jane Wark Toimie. His father was member of the legislative assembly of the colony of Vancouver Island before it merged with the mainland to form the present province of British Columbia.

Educated in Victoria elementary and high schools he went to Toronto, where he attended the Ontario Veterinary College. On his return he became British Columbia inspector of animals at a salary of \$7 weekly. His work with livestock soon won him the respect of his associates and he later became inspector of animals for the Dominion government as well.

Study Of World Problems

Urged By Lord Tweedsmuir At Meeting In Montreal

Montreal.—A sympathetic and open-minded study of world problems was urged by Lord Tweedsmuir, governor-general of Canada, at a meeting of the League of Nations held here last night. He was welcomed by Prime Minister Mackenzie King who declared "a little inquiry before reaching conclusions that might be false" would have a beneficial effect on the moulding of public opinion.

The governor-general and prime minister spoke at the dinner commemorating the 10th anniversary of the League of Nations. The Canadian Institute of International Relations, John W. Daffoe, editor of the Winnipeg Free Press and retiring president.

Lord Tweedsmuir declared Canada, as a sovereign state, "cannot take her attitude to world affairs from Britain, the United States or from anybody else." Because of that it was necessary that Canadians obtain a true and just picture of world affairs.

The meeting commemorated the gathering 10 years ago in the residence of Sir Robert Borden in Ottawa, where the Canadian Institute was formed. Of the small gathering present at that time Sir Robert, Sir Arthur Currie and John Nelson of Montreal, had died. Mr. Daffoe paid tribute to their efforts.

For Special Emergencies

Call Of Blackshirt Volunteers To Colors Is Reported

Rome.—The reported call of 50,000 blackshirt volunteers to the colors as preparation for "special emergencies" raised the question in Italian minds whether the Fascist high command is planning to send new legions to aid the Spanish insurgents.

Sources usually well informed said they believed Spain would be the destination of at least part of these volunteers, ostensibly called for East African service as well as emergencies.

These informants declared part of the new militia regiments would be held in Italy while others are sent to Africa.

Applies For Recount

Toronto.—Russell Nesbitt, Conservative candidate, has made formal application for a recount of votes in Toronto Brimacombe constituency, cast in the October 6 election. Unofficial returns election night showed Nesbitt was defeated by the Liberal candidate, Lionel Conacher, by 47 votes.

Asbestos Exports Higher

Ottawa.—Exports of Canadian asbestos were almost double in August of August, 1936, the Dominion bureau of statistics reported. The August total was 19,388 tons worth \$11,143,232 compared with 10,075 worth \$5,577,630 a year before. Best customer was the United States which took 8,259 tons.

Research Fund

Toronto.—President H. J. Cody of the University of Toronto, announced the Ontario Mining Association had renewed its gift of \$10,000 for research in silicosis. This research is under the direction of Sir Frederick Banting.

Support For Airways

Route From United States To Alaska Via Alberta Is Advocated

Lethbridge, Alta.—Support for the "inside" airway route from the United States to Alaska, via Alberta, connecting with Canadian mail and transport flights, was voiced at an international conference here.

Called by the city of Lethbridge and the local board of trade, it was attended by delegates from Edmonton and Calgary, from Great Falls, Montana, and the states of Utah, Idaho, Colorado and Wyoming. Large transport planes brought the delegates from the United States.

Both the United States and Canadian governments, it was understood, will be petitioned for support of the "inside route" for the carriage of mails of both countries.

CANADA WILL TAKE PART IN WAR CONFERENCE

Ottawa.—Canada will join with other signatories to the nine-power treaty in a conference on joint efforts to mediate the Sino-Japanese dispute, and will name representatives as soon as the place and date of the meeting have been fixed, Prime Minister Mackenzie King said.

Concluded at Washington in 1922 following a conference at which Canada was represented by the late Sir Robert Borden, the nine-power treaty, Mr. Mackenzie King said, laid down principles it was hoped would lead to stabilization of conditions in the Far East. Parties to it were United States, France, Italy, Japan, China, Belgium, Portugal, the Netherlands and dominions of the British Empire.

Recently the League of Nations suggested those countries party to the treaty initiate consultations concerning the conflict in China. It is expected the meeting will be held within a fortnight and the place and date will be announced shortly.

"The government in common with others," Mr. Mackenzie King said, "have watched with deep concern the course of the present conflict as well as its repercussions in many quarters." Proposals from various quarters that governments take certain courses as a means of discouraging aggressor nations or otherwise halting the conflict, the prime minister hoped, would be delayed pending action of the nine powers. Any attempt to adopt individual attitudes at this time, he said might prejudice the success of the conference.

Hunt With Bows And Arrows

Winnipeg.—Even the Indians think they're goofy, but two American hunters in Winnipeg have been having a lot of fun by taking bows and arrows into northern Ontario big game territory. Roy J. Case of Racine, Wis., who has been hunting in this fashion for seven seasons, bagged a deer this trip—at 25 yards.

BRITISH STATESMEN DISCUSS SITUATION



Concerned over the Mediterranean "piracy" problem, Premier Neville Chamberlain (left) and Rt. Hon. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, were serious and thoughtful expressions when they left an emergency Cabinet meeting after sending a note to Italy concerning withdrawal of "volunteers" from Spain.

PARDONED BY FRANCO



Condemned to death before a firing squad after a court-martial trial, Harold E. Dahl, 28-year-old aviator from Champaign, Illinois, was immediately pardoned by General Franco, leader of the Spanish rebel forces.

Pledge From Germany

Agrees To Respect The Neutrality Of Belgium

Berlin.—Germany has pledged to respect the inviolability and integrity of Belgium and, "like the British and French," to assist her in case of attack or invasion. In defence of the Japanese attack, a foreign office spokesman expressed regret at the "misfortune," but advanced three alleged violations committed by the British automobile:

1. They took a route near the fighting zone different from that previously submitted to Japanese authorities.

2. The British notification said there would be three automobiles but actually there were only two.

3. The Union Jack was not displayed on the top of the motor car.

Official comment stressed "Germany would regain freedom of action if, for example, on the basis of Belgium's membership in the league, the Belgian government were ready to place Belgian territory at the disposal of enemy troops for marching through or as bases of operations."

The declaration was not binding in case "Belgium should co-operate in any warlike operations against Germany."

Germany's pledge was made in a note signed by the foreign minister, Baron Von Neurath. It said the reich wished to define the German attitude toward her western neighbor because a new agreement replacing the Locarno security pact might take a long time.

Semi-officially it was acknowledged as a corollary to the Franco-British declaration of April 24 which absolved Belgium of her Locarno treaty obligations to fight for Great Britain or France if either became the victim of aggression.

Japan's Brain Trust

Ten Supreme Advisory Commissioners To Aid Cabinet To Bring Victory In China

Tokyo.—Creation of a "brain trust" of 10 supreme advisory commissioners who will help the cabinet to co-ordinate Japan's forces for a speedy victory in conflict with China was officially announced.

The "super-cabinet" was approved by the privy council at a meeting in the imperial palace attended by Emperor Hirohito. It brings to culmination a project originally advanced by Premier Fumimaro Konoye.

Members of the body include leaders from Japanese business, army, navy and chief political parties.

Yusuke Matsuo, one of the members and virtually the governor of Manchoukuo, interviewed in Tientsin, China, said the Sino-Japanese difference cannot be solved until the Japanese army has mastered north China, the China coast, Shanghai and possibly Nanking, and has rendered further Chinese resistance impossible.

Japan's chief aim, he said, is to save China from the Communist International.

Two other questions occupied Japanese official attention—the proposed conference of the Sino-Japanese situation and the new Anglo-Japanese tension stirred by the air attack on British embassy automobiles between Shanghai and Nanking.

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Semi-officially it was acknowledged as a corollary to the Franco-British declaration of April 24 which absolved Belgium of her Locarno treaty obligations to fight for Great Britain or France if either became the victim of aggression.

The object was not a piecemeal cure for unemployment but a great effort that, "realizing what the British Empire is, what its possibilities are, and that we are strong enough and rich enough, will not wait upon circumstances but will compel them."

"Our great purpose is to keep the British Empire the British guardian of peace and of the liberties of mankind," Mr. Somerville added.

Major Howard, formerly of Vancouver, suggested the possibility of approaching the British Columbia government with a view to taking over a stretch of territory north of the new railway line from the Rockies through to the Pacific coast. He suggested something in the nature of the old Hudson's Bay Company might be tried under the care of the British government. An area might be reserved for British settlement for a long period of years and be given the name "Britannia."

The conference, which meets again during the Glasgow Empire exhibition next year, decided, pending establishment of a statutory authority by the government, to appoint a committee to examine concrete plan for empire migration developments. The committee, which was given power to add representatives from the dominions, will consist of C. G. Ammon, M.P., Lord Mansfield, Brig. General John Nation, and A. A. Somerville, M.P.

Nine Officers Drowned

Naval Bombing Plane Falls Into Sea Off Java Coast

Singapore, Straits Settlements.—Netherlands Air Commander H. G. Debruyne and eight other Netherlands naval officers were killed when their naval bombing plane plunged into the sea off the Java coast during a night flight.

Debruyne had been recently appointed commander of the Netherlands-India air service and was stationed at the flying base at Soerabaya Java.

NEW WAVE OF DEATH AND TERROR IN HOLY LAND

Jerusalem.—Seven persons were killed in Palestine in a new wave of death and terror.

Three lost their lives when a land mine blew up a Haifa-Lydia train near Kalkileh, 20 miles northeast of Jaffa. A policeman was reported to have killed two Arabs when they failed to halt near the scene of the wreck.

Earlier an Arab was killed and three Jews wounded by a bomb explosion in a suburban bus and another Arab was killed when a second bus was ambushed. Six Jews were wounded when snipers ambushed a bus.

A Jew was shot and wounded on the Jerusalem-Jaffa road when his automobile was attacked.

The Syrian-Palestine border was closed to all traffic as a precautionary measure.

Police in Jerusalem suddenly cleared the streets of traffic and well-informed sources predicted martial law would be proclaimed shortly.

Following the train wreck near Kalkileh, an armored railroad car loaded with soldiers equipped with machine guns and searchlights piloted a train bearing the first battalion of the Royal Sussex regiment to Egypt. Numerous rifle shots were fired at the train from nearby hills but no casualties were announced.

A shot was fired near a police truck near the Talavera barracks where the second battalion of the Black Watch (Royal Highland regiment) relieved the Royal Sussex regiment transferred from a Jewish settlement in the Beisan valley said an oil pipeline had been pierced in two places and ignited.

May Spread Cholera

League Told War In China May Spread Disease Throughout

Geneva.—A picture of China devastated by terrible plagues, that might spread throughout the world, as a result of the Sino-Japanese conflict, was given to the League of Nations committee on technical cooperation with China.

League medical experts told the committee an international epidemic of cholera, pulmonary plague (Black Death), typhus and various fevers was possible if the continuance of the conflict should break down China's quarantine service.

Interruption of the service would almost certainly, it was said, lead to the transmission of such diseases by ships across the seas.

Retains Same Post

Hon. Norman Hipel To Again Be Speaker Of Ontario House

Toronto.—Hon. Norman Hipel, speaker of Ontario's 19th legislature, will hold the same post in the 20th recently elected Premier, Mitchell Hepburn announced.

Reappointment of the Waterloo South member to the assembly's chair breaks a custom of years' standing that a speaker should rule only one legislature. "James H. Clark, M.L.A. for Windsor-Sandwich, deputy speaker of the last house, will also carry on in that job."

Ian T. Strachan, Toronto St. Georges, will be chief Liberal whip. Deputy whip will be Dr. M. T. Armstrong, Parry Sound.

Reduce Wheat Consumption

Rome.—In order to reduce Italian consumption of wheat, part of the flour used in bread will henceforth have to be that of some other grain, it was announced. The percentage of wheat flour, however, will not be less than 90 per cent. Experiments are being conducted to see what grain can best be mixed with wheat flour.

Safety For Pilots

Dayton, Ohio.—The United States army air corps soon may decree that all pilots in the air must wear suspenders while flying in order to preserve their looks and lives. The suspenders are a new type designed to hold a pilot back in his seat in the event of a crash.

Chinese Fishermen Drowned

Nanking.—Five thousand Chinese fishermen were drowned and 200 fishing junks sunk off Hong-Kong in the past month by Chinese gunboats, said Chinese fishermen's union reported. Declaring 40,000 fishermen and 6,000 junks now are idle, the union appealed to the Chinese government for relief from the attacks.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE



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W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Fri., Oct. 22, 1937

THE REAL ISSUE IN ALBERTA

The present issue, despite Premier Aberhart's statements from his political pulpit last Sunday, is not whether Alberta is to be ruled by the Lieutenant-Governor or by the people, but whether Alberta is to be ruled by the people through a responsible government. The Lieutenant-Governor, like the Governor-General, acts as a bulwark against the acts of a tyrannical government, and the fact that the Dominion Government had to step in and veto acts that were without the power of the Province and strictly against the constitution of Canada, and the Lieutenant-Governor had to withhold his consent to certain other Aberhart government acts, is proof conclusive that the Dominion Government's right to veto and the Lieutenant-Governor's right to withhold consent and refer matters to Ottawa for the advice of the Dominion cabinet, are very necessary in a democratic country.

The Aberhart Government had no mandate from the people of Alberta to do these things, nor did they have mandate to turn things upside down in the Province. During the 1935 election, Premier Aberhart and his colleagues repeatedly told the people that they would get their monthly dividends and that there would be no further taxes, and that all the wonderful things they were going to do would be done without upsetting things in Alberta. Repudiation of debts, regimenting of business, taxing the banks out of existence, muzzling the press, denying citizens the right of appeal to the courts, and scores of other things, which are blots on the present pages of Alberta history, were not mentioned during the election as being part of the Social Credit plan. This being so, where was the mandate from the people and where is the right of the Aberhart government to pass such legislation?—From an editorial in the Drumheller Review.

FAMOUS LAST WORDS

If Premier Aberhart does not possess any ambition to be Premier of Alberta, why continue as Premier of Alberta? Why not give the people of Alberta a break, Mr. Aberhart, and make it unanimous? However, actions speak louder than words and the Premiership of Alberta with all its emoluments still looks mighty good to you. And as for your statement that the work of the Social Credit government is the work of God, even the dinosaur is laughing his head off at such an outrageously foolish remark. How do you get that way when you think up the outlandish things to which you are forever giving utterance? Why not apply the gag to yourself?—Drumheller Review.

Percival: "Daddy, do they raise political plums from seeds?"
Daddy (who never had one): "No, young man. Political plums are more often the result of a bit of clever grafting."

Next summer (probably in September) Cranbrook will stage a big celebration commemorating the fortieth anniversary of the completion of the Crow's Nest Pass railway to that city. This was unanimously decided at a meeting held recently, which represented fairly well a cross-section of the railway, business, fraternal and social organizations of that city.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS LICENSED

A move on the part of the Provincial Government under recently proposed legislation, hitherto unnoticed in the Press, is the proposal to license chartered accountants. Under the statute disallowed by the Federal Government the C.A.'s in common with doctors, dentists, lawyers, engineers and other professional men were exempt, but in the present bill, assent to which has been reserved by the Lieutenant-Governor, the accountants may be licensed along with men in other businesses, trades and professions which Mr. Manning may see fit to control by license.

The Government, obviously in obedience to the dictates of the genius of Fig Tree Court, is seeking to get a Police Force obedient to its will, even at great expense. We asked the question last week as to what was the real reason behind the move to get rid of the Mounted Police. We ask the question now: What is the reason behind the move to license the chartered accountants?

The question is not idle. We have already assured ourselves from the very best of authority, that the failure to exempt this profession from the operation of the bill, was not an oversight, but, on the other hand, was done purposely and with malice aforethought. Perhaps Mr. Aberhart will be good enough to explain some Sunday when the spirit of truth and frankness is on him.—Bassano Recorder.

The seven ages of a woman—the infant, the little girl, the miss, the young woman, the young woman, the young woman.—Nebraska Awgwan.

We regret that space will not permit us to publish in this issue of The Enterprise an address delivered to the Dominion convention of the Communist Party of Canada at Toronto by Alex. Young, Crows' Nest Pass delegate. Mr. Young has just returned and will address a meeting in the Union hall here on Sunday afternoon.

This week's batch of free publicity matter sent out by the Social Credit Board, consists of five foolscap-size sheets, closely typewritten and giving none else than a recent speech dealing with the banking legislation and delivered by Mrs. Edith Rogers, M.L.A. for Ponoko. No doubt Social Crediters in this district will enjoy reading same from the columns of The Enterprise, in which it does not appear.

It is most pleasing to note how wholeheartedly all citizens and organizations have entertained the idea of the formation of the new Blairmore Sports Association, particularly as it applies to the arena. The finance committee have been going the rounds during the week, and we learn have met with splendid response. Through the influence of the local union, practically 100 per cent financial support is assured from all workers, as well as liberal contributions from the officials, mines executive and business and professional men. Work of repairing the arena will be commenced at once, and all look forward to a revival of the old interest in hockey, curling, etc., for the winter months.

A plea to the appellate division of the Supreme Court of Alberta for leniency was successful Wednesday afternoon, when a two-year term imposed on William Miscisco by Police Magistrate J. W. Gresham at Blairmore for theft of tobacco and cigarettes here last August from the warehouse of Plunkett & Savage, was reduced to six months by order of the court of appeals. Reduction in Miscisco's two-year term was made on the grounds that he was but an accomplice of another man, one Nick Servello, of Fernie, who had since been arrested in connection with the same theft. Servello had a long criminal record, the court learned, while this was Miscisco's first offence. One year sentence imposed for the theft of a car will run concurrently with the six-months term.

IF PROPAGANDA IS NOT FIT TO PRINT

The High River Times of last week remarks: The Times last week received the preliminary gist from the government's Board of Public Relations. The action of the lieutenant-governor in withholding assent to the press bill has postponed at least any compulsion on the part of newspapers to use any such material.

Even if it had been compulsory to use it, The Times would have refused to print it in full, and would have taken any consequences resulting therefrom. One of the reasons for refusal would have been the fact that a portion of the propaganda was unfit for print. Terms were used which are not tolerated in a civilized society. If we had printed the extracts referred to, it would have been an affront to decency. Our subscribers, regardless of political views, would have been surprised if some others would not have expressed their disgust by cancelling their subscriptions—Social Crediters no less than others.

Quite aside from the free advertising demanded by the government, the newspapers have certain standards which have been set up by members of the press themselves, and by the public whom they serve. These standards forbid the use of any such expression as included in the first output of government propaganda.

The argument against provincial control of the press can be transferred from the basis of freedom to the basis of offensive literature.

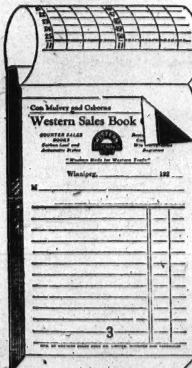
Anyone wishing further enlightenment on this phase of government activities may step into The Times' office and see for himself or herself—provided he or she is twenty-one years of age and able to take it.

Doctor: "I will examine you for ten dollars."

Patient: "Go ahead. If you find it, I'll give you half."

No editor can accede to Aberhart's orders without betraying the standards and traditions of his great profession and sully the escutcheon of the Fourth Estate. The freedom of the press is a matter of tradition wherever English is spoken. It's the same wherever the British flag flies. No paper which deserves the name will be a double-crosser by toadying to the hysterical brainstorms of a school teacher swollen by delusion. The press of Alberta has the duty and responsibility of living up to the great code provided for it by British statute and precedent. The futile mouthings of a slipping demagogue who has led a section of the Canadian people into the economic desert, have nothing to do with it. There is nothing which Aberhart can do or say which can effect this in any way. His little laws no more change the mighty foundations on which the structure of British journalism is built than do the brayings of a wild and woolly jackass.—Stavely Advertiser.

Western Made for Western Trade



Agents
The Blairmore Enterprise

SUBSCRIBE TODAY!

"Well, I've lost another pupil," said the professor as his glass eye fell to the floor.

Ain't it so? A girl doesn't have to watch the speedometer to know what the boy friend is driving at.

A sensible girl is not so sensible as she looks, because a sensible girl has more sense than to look sensible.—Ex.

There was a young gal in Quebec, Who in winter did ardently neck.

To keep one's self warm,

It is quite proper form

To neck like the heck in Quebec.

At the local police court last week, Nick Servello, suspected of being an accomplice of W. Miscisco on the night of August 29th in the attempted robbery of the local Plunkett & Savage warehouse, was remanded in custody to stand trial at the next sitting of the district court to be held in Macleod. He had already been sent up for trial on the charge of stealing a car, belonging to Mike Kratky, of Coleman.

Another modification. Attached to one of the batches of bulletins received from the Social Credit Board this week was the following: "These bulletins are being issued solely because of their news value to people scattered throughout the province. Editors are under no obligation to publish them, and are at liberty to use whatever portions of them may be applicable to their particular districts. The news may be condensed or extended. It is not asked or expected that all publications released to the newspapers from this office will be reprinted, and we may include bulletins from time to time for their value to Editors as a source of reference only."

Sometimes ye editor runs out of adjectives in describing the qualities of a bride, not so the Nebraska Call. The following will win a watch in any competition: "The bride is a woman of wonderful fascination and remarkable attractiveness, for with a manner as enchanting as the wand of a siren and a disposition as sweet as the colors of flowers, and a spirit as joyous as the carolling bird, and a mind as brilliant as the glittering tresses that adorn the brow of winter, and with a heart as pure as the dewdrops, trembling in a coronet of violets, she will make the home of her husband a paradise of enchantment, where the heaven-tuned harp of Hymen shall send forth those sweet strains of felicity that thrill the sense with the ecstatic pulsing of rhythmic rapture."—Ex.

IMPROVE DISTRIBUTION

The biggest improvement in oil industry transportation has come since the war, as yet not 20 years ago. In that time there has been a great abandonment of railroad transportation, partly because the railroads refused to see the demand of the times for better and more efficient transportation. While under force of government orders and war circumstances they adopted some of the oil industry's ideas, for the most part they turned deaf ears to its pleas. The oil business had to go on without the railroads and the latter have since paid a tremendous penalty.

In these last 20 years the motor truck has become a low cost, high speed carrier for long and short hauls. The gasoline pipeline has developed. And in the last dozen years there has developed a third big transportation facility, namely, by water, in tanker and barge, for the most part a big company development.

All of this was without government aid or interference. On the other hand the railroads stood by, helpless under government control, and confident, seemingly, that somehow the all-embracing government regulations would protect them. High rates and

DENTISTRY

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PHONES:

Both Offices 332 — Residence 334

old fashioned methods continued. Today oil is pretty much off the rails and is running its own privately owned and operated transportation system.

Our magazine offer is now open for a limited time. If your subscription is paid to date, you can get a fine lot of reading matter for a dollar. If a new subscriber, you can get values of \$6.00 for the sum of \$3.00. See advertisement elsewhere in this issue.

CATS CAN SEE IN THE DARK



.. CHILDREN CAN'T

Your eyes and a child's eyes were never intended to do close seeing in anything but adequate light. Guard precious eyes from strain by having plenty of good light in your home.



FOR BETTER LIGHT — BETTER SIGHT — USE
EDISON / MAZDA
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CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., Limited

SOLD BY

F. M. Thompson Co.
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PREFERRED IN "Discriminating Circles" EVERYWHERE



It Mixes to Perfection!

A PRODUCT OF
CALGARY BREWING & MALTING CO., LTD.

Order by the Carton

FANTIN & DEZORZI, Agents, BLAIRMORE, Alta.

The Facts About Banking in Canada

Reproduced from the Sixth Broadcast in a Series by Vernon Knowles for the Chartered Banks of Canada and Delivered Over a Province-Wide Network of Alberta Stations on Tuesday Evening, October 12th, from 8:30 to 8:45, and Wednesday, October 13th, from 12:00 noon to 12:15.

Outlines Loan Process by Which Banks Convert Credit of Borrower into Spendable Money . . . Shows Position of Bank Shareholders . . . Deals Further with Limited Power of Banks To Issue Own Notes . . . Cites from Letters Received Actual Cases Where Bank Loans Enabled Borrowers To Turn Substantial Profit.

IN this broadcast on behalf of Canada's Chartered Banks I want to get back to that utterly mistaken idea that banks make money out of nothing. Critics of the banks will tell you that banks lend by creating credit and that they create the means of payment out of nothing, that when they build a building it costs them nothing and that when they pay taxes it costs them nothing. These statements are absolutely untrue.

When a bank makes a loan just exactly what is it that the bank does?

Here is the answer — It takes the note of the farmer or manufacturer or the bond of the Government, and places an equivalent amount to the credit of the said farmer, manufacturer or Government, allowing of course for a rental on the money.

In other words the bank assumes an obligation to pay this debt at the farmer, the manufacturer or the Government.

Since that obligation is one that must be met — and in actual practice is met — it is a very real thing.

The transaction creates a credit on the books of the bank, but the means of payment which the banks are charged with creating out of nothing consists of resources of the bank — in the last analysis, cash.

Moreover, it should be borne in mind that in all lending transactions by a bank it is the borrower who starts the process — he goes to the bank and asks for a loan, generally for a specific purpose, out of which he expects and intends to make a profit for himself over and above the bank charges. The bank does not go to him — he goes to the bank.

What the bank really does, in effect, is to convert the credit of the borrower himself into spendable money, which he can use for the purposes of his business, paying wages, paying his debts at the country store and meeting other obligations. If a man owns cattle he cannot spend cattle. He cannot pay his debts at the country store with cattle. His ownership of the cattle and his expectation of selling them at a profit to himself are the basis of his credit. When he borrows from a bank on the security of cattle what happens is that the bank converts a form of wealth, which he cannot spend, into something which he can spend and which anybody else will accept.

There is no magic about it and those who contend that a bank can create money or the means of payment out of nothing — are entirely wrong. The function that the bank performs, as we have stated, is to convert the credit of the borrower into a form in which he can spend it.

Without a bank the farmer possibly could buy seed in the spring, hire help through the growing season and harvesting, and purchase supplies for his family in the meantime on credit — paying these debts from the sale of his crop in the fall. However, common sense tells us that the seed merchant, the farm labourer or the country store keeper could not get very far on this basis, for they could not pass on to the people, from whom they in turn buy goods or services, the obligations which they have received from the farmer.

Why is this so?

For the reason that, be the farmer's credit ever so good, how could scores of people look into his ledger and his financial worth, as they would require to do before taking his promise to pay. Instead, the bank looks into the farmer's affairs, accepts the risk, lends him the money and enables him to pay cash.

If it were otherwise and if banks created the means of payment out of nothing, why has it been necessary through the centuries to find people, called shareholders, ready to put their money into the banking business in exchange for a fair return? If no basis is required for what the bank does, the business

of banking should be an amazingly profitable business — but it is not. The fact that it is not an amazingly profitable business is a simple matter of record, as we have shown in our broadcasts.

Some of our listeners have asked that I say more about note circulation — that is, about the powers of a bank to issue notes. The request has been prompted by the utterly fantastic idea that a bank can, say, erect an expensive branch office building for nothing by issuing its own notes. A bank simply cannot, as has been suggested, issue a bunch of specially numbered bills, pay them out to contractors and others and then cancel them when they come back.

Let me say to you again that no such thing can possibly happen, for the bank must give the holder face value for its notes when he presents them. Moreover, I have shown you that there are very definite legal limits upon the amount of notes that a bank can issue. A bank's notes are a debt owed by the bank to the person who holds them — a debt redeemable in cash on demand.

As a matter of fact, a bank's notes are the very first charge upon its assets — that is to say in case of trouble a bank's notes have to be paid off before a single cent can be paid on any deposits or on any other debts owed by a bank. To make doubly sure of this there is a fund in the hands of the Dominion Minister of Finance, known as "The Bank Circulation Redemption Fund."

This is money paid in by each of the banks to the Minister of Finance at Ottawa, amounting to five per cent on the average amount to Chartered bank notes outstanding. This money is in the nature of a pool and would all be used, in case of need, towards paying off the notes of any bank. Surely all of this should finally squash the idea that a bank has unlimited power in the matter of issuing its bills.

In any case, as I have told you before, the right of issuing notes is being steadily, year by year, taken away from the Chartered Banks and vested in the Bank of Canada. In order to obtain the use of Canada notes or bills for use as currency the Chartered Banks have to buy them. Every dollar in notes and every dollar of other bank obligations must always have behind it a dollar of assets. Let me stress, once more, that every obligation of a Chartered Bank is payable in cash.

Some supposedly great authority is quoted as having said that if all bank loans were paid all deposits would disappear and there would be no money in existence. I don't think that many Alberta people are stampeded by such statements.

It is equivalent to saying that if every sea were drained dry there would be no ocean in existence. If every bank went out of existence tomorrow there would still be wealth but the job of marketing that wealth would take us back to the dim, distant days of barter. Nothing is gained at any time by such extreme statements.

It has been told that when a bank makes a loan and takes security, the bank then uses that security as if it were its own. Such a statement is 100 per cent false. The security lodged with the bank remains the property of the borrower and all the records of the bank prove that fact. He can call for his security to be produced and shown to him at any time. Such security does not appear in the bank's balance sheets at all and when the loan is repaid the security is handed back to the borrower intact.

Some of our critics plunge into very deep water when they draw conclusions from the statement that every dollar that comes into circulation represents a debt on which somebody must pay interest. That statement is used to convey to you a sinister impression, an entirely false idea of what money really is and does.

To illustrate in the plainest of everyday terms let us start from the beginning: I go into the bank and I borrow \$1,000 on which, naturally, I have to pay rent, or if you prefer, interest.

The bank gives me, in exchange for my note, \$1,000 in bills. I have got \$1,000 of money, on which interest has to be paid because the bank is giving me a service.

Why do I borrow the money? I was going to use it in a deal, expecting to make a profit for myself; or I wouldn't have borrowed the money at all.

Very well, I carry out the deal successfully. I repay the bank the \$1,000 I borrowed, and I have a profit, say, of \$100, which I put to my credit in the bank.

You will see by the use of this borrowed money on which I paid rent, I have increased my own resources by \$100, and the bank has received back its \$1,000.

When you multiply that thousand-dollar borrowing of mine, my use of the money and my profit, time after time, you see what is happening continuously throughout the year in the business world and you see that the interest is not any strangling charge as has been represented to you. You pay rent, and you make a profit out of it — whatever the nature of your business may be.

It is a continuous, revolving process — in which the dollar you use is not dead-weight debt at all, but productive money. There are times, however, when some of it may become temporarily dead-weight debt. To illustrate such a case, let us say that through drought or misfortune I suffer a loss for a season — say my deal has not been successful — and I lose a part of my borrowed \$1,000.

In these cases, what I have lost does for the time being become dead-weight debt. But with a better season and better prices and better business I have a chance to recover my losses and repay. By far the greater part of the dollars that are loaned are not dead-weight debt; as you have been so often told, there is nothing sinister in the manner nor in the purpose of their issue, nor in the work that they do; they are, in fact, productive money, constantly adding to goods and services and increasing the world's store of new wealth.

That is all there is to bank money. Bank loans are really constructive and productive; and the deep, dark focus pocus with which critics seek to surround it is recognized, by folks of practical experience, as simply transparent nonsense.

Since we started broadcasting on behalf of Canada's Chartered Banks I have received many letters from Alberta people. I have before me one of them, which gives an instance of a large-scale farmer who had occasion to borrow \$5,000 to purchase feeder cattle.

This farmer says: "When I borrow money I estimate my prospective profit very carefully and, if I do not see where I am going to make interest charges and a substantially higher profit for myself I do not borrow the money. Without a bank loan I could not possibly have financed the purchase of the cattle and, further, I feel that the bank's profit is small and mine proportionately large. I consider that I should assume all the risk of loss for the sake of this higher prospective profit. My borrowing is intelligent borrowing from a purely individual and selfish standpoint. I had a similar loan, on which the interest charge amounted to about \$100 some time ago. On this loan I realized a net profit of more than \$2,000 because I was able to feed all of my coarse grain and to realize in the neighbourhood of ninety cents a bushel when prices were in the neighbourhood of twenty to thirty cents a bushel."

I have another Alberta letter, in which a farmer tells us that he had twenty hogs and,

being short of feed, wanted to sell them. He was offered \$200 for the twenty hogs and did not want to let them go at that price, so he went to the bank and borrowed \$50 only. This enabled him to hold the hogs and feed them a while longer, with the result that he eventually sold them for \$300 instead of the \$200 he had been offered. In other words he borrowed \$50 from the bank, the bank made a gross revenue of about \$1.75 but the farmer made a straight profit of \$50.

I have a letter before me also which appeared in the Calgary Herald from a Milk Producers' Association in the vicinity of Calgary. It reads in part: "We are hearing a good deal about banks these days. I do not profess to know much about banks or the banking business but I do know that, if it had not been for the banks last fall, I, along with many others, would have been forced out of business." These are but a few examples taken at random from a large quantity of our mail.

In earlier broadcasts I have told you that deposits to the banks are the basis upon which banks can make loans. Let us demonstrate the truth.

Suppose a bank started business with \$50,000 in cash and lent that amount to various borrowers. Then suppose each borrower drew out the amount lent to him, in cash, and each person to whom he paid this money put it in a sock, kept it under his mattress or hid it behind the clock, so that none of it came back to the bank in the form of deposits. As the bank has no cash in its vault the bank dare not make another loan because it could give no cash to the new borrower.

We can go on converting borrowers' assets into spendable form, i.e., making loans, only if the depositing public are willing to entrust their funds to us. It is the confidence of the people in banks and their willingness to leave their money on deposit that enables a bank to lend money and serve the community.

Now, therefore, can it be said that we have usurped the power of money creation? As we have shown, it is the individual who in the first place possesses the credit; he asks the bank to convert that credit into money he can spend. The bank only does it on his request.

Now I have an announcement to make. This is the last of our broadcasts, at least for the time being. In one of our broadcasts we said that some of our Alberta branch bank managers might be heard in this series. Indeed, I incorporated in my talks with you, much material which came to me direct from them.

We told you in starting our talks that we would be non-political and non-controversial and would state to you nothing but the unvarnished facts about Canada's Chartered Banks and the work they do. This is exactly what we have done. There is no mystery about Canadian banking, other than the mystery created by critics who are not well-informed.

We are doing an honest business and have nothing whatever to fear from the fullest disclosure. Four million depositors have confidence in Canada's Chartered Banks. Were it not for that confidence in the honour and integrity of Canada's Chartered Banks no loans could be made at all.

We wish to thank our listening audience for the many encouraging letters and messages they have sent in. Our talks have all been put into pamphlet form, and if you wish to have them, any branch bank manager will be glad to give them to you and to talk over with you any of the matters with which we have dealt.

Theorists never run out of theories — but facts are stubborn things. Our story stands for your fair-minded consideration. We leave it to you with confidence.

SA-6

"AN OLD SOLDIER'S DREAM"

(By J. B. McCubbin, 3rd Division, Ghost Pine Creek.)

I had a dream the other week, which has often come back to me since, it would be interesting to know how one of the actors would perform in real life.

I seemed to be on an outpost in some war and by chance some one came crawling into my shell hole. I kept quiet, but had him covered. When the right moment came I ordered him to put up his hands and to my surprise he did so, with some blubbering about sparing his life. I looked him over and imagine my surprise when I discovered who he was. He looked

quite natural in his grey uniform and long boots, spoke fair English and weighed about an eighth of a ton, heavy jowled and rhinoceros hid. His confident air was gone and he shook with fear, for he was ALONE with the enemy.

"So it is you," I said. "You don't know me, though you have had several letters from me. I have often wanted to meet you alone, for I have heard so much of your prevarication. I simply longed to have you in a position where you would have to tell the truth, even if it choked you. Now the time has come and it is you and me for it."

"First, I want to know what you are doing out between the lines alone? I

want a straight answer too, or this will be your grave."

"Well," came a very shaky voice. "I was trying to get away from the war. I thought it very clever to talk about resistance and defiance and other such things, and people were backing me in my folly, and of course, when the war broke out they made me leader. It was very fine on the parade ground, but when we got in the danger zone, I was afraid for my life and I tried to get out of it. Comrade, please don't kill me. You see I thought that if I could be captured by the enemy I would tell MY PEOPLE how brave I was, trying to route the enemy single-handed. But you won't kill me, Comrade?"

I said, "Well, that depends on how you answer some more questions. You became leader by lies and deception, didn't you?" "Yaw,"

"You knew you had no plan to relieve poverty, yet you made the poor people believe you had. Don't you think that was criminal on your part?" "Yaw, I guess it was."

"You lied from behind, a pulp every Sunday and then in the name of religion. Don't you think you are the biggest hypocrite the Lord ever allowed to live?" "Yaw, I guess you're right."

"You accused all who opposed you of lies and misrepresentation, yet you were more guilty of these things than anyone else and you knew it at the

time, didn't you?" "Yaw, but comrade, I will not do it any more."

It had been so long since he had been on speaking terms with the truth that it was getting the best of him, but I kept on with more questions. I thought it was better for him to "pass out" speaking truthfully than at the hands of some of THE PEOPLE he had betrayed.

"Your sole and only reason for continuing as leader of these children is to satisfy your own egotism and lust for power, isn't that so?" "Yaw, I like to boss."

"Then you don't care a rap for the POOR PEOPLE and when your term as leader is finished, you will slink off to some remote spot and spend the

rest of your days in ease and luxury?" "Yaw, I guess you're right."

"Now, what I want to know is, if I let you go what do you intend doing about these matters?"

He did not answer, so I spoke more sharply and shook him, but no life seemed to be left in the hulking carcass. I could not be certain if the truth had been too much for him or if he had fainted from fright. But daylight was coming and I had to get back to the lines, so, since I could not move the hulk, I left him and crept back to my trench.

At that time a rooster crowed outside my window and I woke up in my own bed. I wonder what causes one to have such dreams?

At that very first WARNING SNIFFLE

...Use this unique aid for preventing colds, especially designed for nose and throat where colds start. Used in time, Va-tro-nol helps to avoid many colds.

VICKS VATRO-NOL

Fending Off Disaster

The season is rapidly approaching when fire hazards of the winter months will be drawn to the attention of the people of the western provinces in campaigns conducted by provincial and local authorities in, it is to be hoped, not a vain effort to curtail the annual loss of life and property through the coming season of cold without and warmth within.

Unless the co-operation of the general public, which means every individual member, is secured to the greatest possible degree, it is feared that the dangers of fire will also be again forcibly brought to the attention of the public in the months to come, in newspaper reports of disastrous conflagrations with their lurid and painful details of houses and contents destroyed, untold people being forced out of burning buildings to suffer the agonies of burns and frostbites for weeks or months in local hospitals and in some cases, of charred human remains being discovered in the blackened debris of once happy homes.

If the lessons which are taught during these annual fall campaigns are taken fully to heart and the precepts therein propagated are remembered and rigidly put into practice, the winter will pass with few, if any, of these harrowing accounts appearing in the newspapers.

For, it is axiomatic, that the great majority of fires, and particularly those which occur in the home, are the outcome of carelessness, either engendered by ignorance or negligence and in most cases the latter, for there are very few people nowadays who are not fully conversant with the dangers of fire and the precautions which should be taken to prevent them.

Often enough, the necessary precautions are not taken because of a laissez faire attitude. The home owner, frequently, is well aware of weak spots in his heating system and fully intends to remedy them, but because of pressure of other things, neglects to make repairs, clean the chimneys and pipes or provide better protection where the stovepipe passes through a wooden wall, until it is too late and the damage is done.

But there are other causes of fire which must be attributed to more than a laissez faire disposition, where negligence becomes positive and might reasonably be registered in the criminal class. Reference is made more particularly to the habit, all too frequently adopted in this country, of speeding up a sluggish fire, or starting one, with coal oil or gasoline. The danger of this practice must be well known. Too many object lessons have been held up in time to time, yet the practice has not been abandoned and dire consequences have ensued.

The use of coal oil is dangerous enough but when gasoline is used, either with intent or unwittingly, a disaster is not only invited but is almost inevitable.

Even in mid-September, long before the advent of the season of continuous firing, reports appear in the daily papers of lives sacrificed to the "human error" of rekindling dying embers by pouring coal oil over them. Fortunately in one case recently reported, the victim was a bachelor living alone and his rash act was not visited by death to others than himself.

But when such fatalities are reported in the early fall months, they should give pause and cause one "furiously to think" as the French say, in contemplation of the possibilities that lie ahead in the winter months when fires will be multiplied enormously and when smoking the stove and the furnace will be practically a continuous operation.

Raked as they are with driving winds and blizzards for six months of the year, more or less, the prairie provinces afford a perfect stage setting for fire disasters and this should be ever borne in mind by every resident. In this country the risk of disaster is always potential even where proper precautions are taken, but where these are neglected the risks are multiplied, perhaps a hundredfold, possibly a thousandfold.

No owner or occupant of a home, store or other building which is required to be heated during the winter months should allow the first blast of winter to pass over the land, unprepared for fire hazards. If there is anything that pays dividends, not only in coin but life and limb, it is fire prevention precautions of timely adoption.

In the early fall, before the winter fires are first lighted, is the proper time to check over the heating system. This is the time to underwrite the fire insurance policy, if there is one, by inspecting and immediately remedying every potential cause of a subsequent outbreak and above all to adopt a solemn resolution that neither coal oil nor gasoline will be used in the stove or the furnace under any pretext whatsoever.

On top of that it would be the part of wisdom to pass another unanimous resolution that this preliminary work will be followed up by periodic inspections through the winter months, when there is always time and opportunity to look things over and remedy defects which may have developed.

Use Of Words

Convey Your Thoughts Clothed In Simple Phraseology

Short words have greater strength than long ones. Rigid economy in choosing language is in itself a valuable discipline of mind, and a good argument is only blurred by elaborate expression. Moreover, there is a unique flavor in Anglo-Saxon words; in proper combination they have a strength of texture which nothing else can give.

There is no doubt that good speech is an art which all of us should cultivate. To some it comes more easily than others, but of all it demands the drudgery of constant effort. In this country we certainly need to remember the fact. Demosthenes had to work hard to master the art of speaking; men of lesser gifts will find the task no easier.—The New Outlook.

Will Be Used Again

Doll Has Guarded Church Entrance For 53 Years

From its place in the wall of the Anglican Cathedral at Grafton, New South Wales, Australia, a doll has been removed after 53 years and will be set over a new entrance by workmen who are enlarging the house of worship. In 1884, when the cathedral was being built, a bricklayer found a gap over the door. He called to a child playing with a doll and asked her if she would give him something to put in the hole. She handed him her small, nude, legless and armless china doll.

Charlie Chaplin In Tramp Character To Disappear From Stage

A little tramp with baggy pants, gaudy trousers and toothbrush mustache is no more, Charles Chaplin has announced.

The tramp sang his swan song, a jumbled lyric, in "The Great Dictator" after a career that stretched back to 1913.

And Chaplin, his creator, is at work on a story in which he will project an entirely new personality. After a decade of evading talking pictures, the comedian admitted he has decided to attempt the transition from pantomime to speech.

"I cannot say how soon the story will be ready—a year, perhaps," Chaplin said.

"Miss Paulette Goddard will appear with me."

Would Ban Auto Horns

Leave horns off motor cars, G. A. Hodgson, of the Ontario department of highways, told the Industrial Accident Prevention Association at a luncheon in Toronto, and "there would be a 50 per cent decrease in our accident rate overnight."

Manufacturers of all kinds of goods from steel gales to jewelry send their representatives to the London museum to study the exhibits for new ideas.

There's no danger in just taking a sniff of the flower, but the ordinary fly of the valley contains minute quantities of the most powerful lethal poison known.

Tragedy Of Frustration

Youth Of Canada Without Chance Of Employment

The "tragedy of frustration" is overtaking thousands of Canadian youth persons, Dr. Herbert A. Bruce, lieutenant-governor of Ontario, told Kiwanians at Hamilton. Dr. Bruce was speaker at a luncheon of the 19th convention of the Ontario-Quebec-Maritimes district of Kiwanis International.

"The spectacle of this modern world is not one from which any of us can get any considerable satisfaction," said Dr. Bruce. "Time and again our newspaper makes us very grateful probably that we live where we do."

"Let us glance at something nearer home—the tragedy of lives that are purposeless, the tragedy of a new generation of youth, unwanted youth, youth that throughout the years of the depression has passed from childhood to adolescence to young manhood and womanhood with unemployment as its familiar companion."

"Fortunately there are, I am glad to say, some organizations which do their utmost to find work for these youngsters and teachers do a great deal of voluntary work to secure positions for boys and girls leaving schools," he concluded.

Dr. Bruce said he was "delighted" at the federal government's recent decision to vote \$1,000,000 to the re-establishment of youth throughout the Dominion.

An All-Girl Crew

No Men Are Allowed On English Training Ship

A crew of nine women, commanded by a woman skipper, will "man" the seven-ton Javel Junia, which she sails from the River Dart in England for a fortnight's cruise to the Scilly Isles and France. Skipper Mrs. Charles Pears, wife of the well-known British marine artist, has fitted out Junia as a women's training ship. Her crew, girls from shops and offices in the North and Midlands, have paid a premium and are signed on as apprentices.

No men are allowed on board. The girls will learn to handle the sailing boat in any weather, and do all the work demanded of an expert crew.

Mrs. Pears, who is Commodore of the newly-formed Union of Seafarers, told a Sunday Chronicle reporter how she trains her girl apprentices.

"Strict discipline is my first rule," she said. "My girls are never allowed to become passengers."

"Sailing, the general handling of the ship, knotting and splicing, chart reading and navigation are all in their curriculum."

"Most of my girls come from the North and the Midlands. They generally try to get small boats of their own. This qualifies them for membership of the newly-formed Union of Women Seafarers."

To Extend Trade

Move To Increase British Shipping On The Pacific

The London Daily Mail, commenting on a prospective agreement to increase British shipping on the Pacific, said the British Government "must be prepared to go on extending unwavering support; and to secure a fair field and no favor in the Pacific... subsidy must be met by subsidies and restrictions by counter measures."

"If," the paper said, "British ships are granted help as substantial as their foreign rivals, it won't be long before our ensign again is supreme in the Pacific."

In Canberra, Prime Minister Joseph Lyons said Australia was prepared to co-operate with Canada, New Zealand and the United Kingdom to enable a shipping company to construct two new liners for the Pacific service between Canada and Australia.

Danger From Overeating

Says Fat People Are More Subject To Diseases

Fat persons do not derive the same energy from their foods as the average person and are left more open to diseases and respiratory disorders, it is claimed by Dr. Burgess Gordon, associate professor of medicine at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia.

At the 44th annual convention of the British Columbia Medical Association, Dr. Gordon told of a man weighing 420 pounds who remained indoors three years because he was a subject of laughter. His starch in his bread alone was 10 loaves a day.

Overeating, said the Philadelphia physician, is a disease, sometimes hereditary.

"Erin Go Bragh" means "Ireland Forever."

Through A Glass Darkly

Latest Fad Seems To Have Originated In Hollywood

Various explanations of the rage for dark glasses have been offered; among the plausible ones, the general theory traces it to Hollywood, source of so much of our culture nowadays. It is said that celebrities there took no wearing these cheaters as a sort of domino to conceal identity from their more forward admirers.

Their use against beach glare and the squint that beauty in Hollywood and elsewhere will not risk even for a few hours lest it aid the ravages of time is another common explanation. The commonest one of all, of course, is that they save eyestrain in glare of all kinds for man, woman and child.

Admitting the weight and plausibility of these accountings, though, it is plain that the rage for seeing through a glass darkly is sublimating from utility into a fetish. If the fad goes on, dark glasses presently will be worn against 60-watt lights, candle-light or moonlight, even.

It is fanciful to suggest that they may come into the category of the eighteenth century domino and beauty spot, aids to conquest that make blemish and concealment a point of loveliness, or sometimes cover a lack of it?—New York Herald-Tribune.

ALICE STEVENS' RECIPES

SANDWICHES FAST AND EASY

Once upon a time, in the days of long ago, a warrior could not leave his men and the battlefields long enough to get his meals. It took so long for a knight to dismount in those days, his servant brought him a piece of meat between two pieces of bread and he ate this food on horseback. He was more than delighted with this new dish and gave it his name. He was the Earl of Sandwich and ever since "sandwiches" have been very popular.

So the story goes. Whether it is true or not, we do not know, but Sandwiches are the most substantial part of the school lunch pail. They should be the part of the lunch that yields most calories but it should be planned so that there is a good deal of variety in the fillings. Plan to use brown bread quite often.

The selection of the lunch pail itself is important. Do not use cardboard boxes, as they absorb odors. Use a container that can be washed and aired and see that this is done quite often. Stale food odors spoil many appetites.

One important part of each lunch pail is fruit. See that there are a couple of apples in the lunch pail. Fruits help supply the body with the necessary vitamins and vitamins are also laxative foods.

When plenty of apples are used in a diet all winter, there will be no need of sulphur and molasses for a spring tonic.

GINGER SUGAR TOPS

4 cups flour
1 cup molasses
1½ cups sugar
2 eggs
1 cup butter
2 teaspoons baking powder
3 teaspoons ginger
1 teaspoon salt
3 teaspoons soda
½ cup syrup and ½ cup molasses may be substituted for the cup of molasses.

Mix the ingredients to make a stiff dough. Roll into balls and dip in sugar. Put in greased pan a distance apart. Bake in a moderate oven 20 minutes. This recipe makes about five dozen cookies.

Keeps On Making Cheese

Product Of Saskatchewan Dry Belt Of Superior Quality

Charles Busby operates a cheese factory at Batoche in Southern Saskatchewan. And he is right in the dry belt where there is no pasture for cows. At first glance it looks as though Mr. Busby should have folded up his cheese plant and gone out of business.

But he keeps on making cheese and it is of sufficiently high quality to win awards against cheese produced in modern cold storage plants in Regina and Saskatoon.

There are 31 farmers who deliver milk to the Busby cheese factory, and these cows have nothing to eat but Russian thistle which appears to delight in growing where nothing else will make a showing—Peterborough Examiner.

Bibliomania is the term used to designate the practice some people have when pured of opening the Bible at random, reading a verse, and allowing it to determine the person's course of action.

The Grand Canyon of the Colorado river is the longest and deepest canyon in the world. In some places, it is more than a mile deep.



Buckingham CUT

IN PACKAGES - 10c
POUCHES - 15c
1/2-lb. TINS - 75c

Noisless Street Car

Has Rubber Wheels Which Operate Silently

Development of a noiseless street car with new standards of comfort was described to the tariff board by George Gray, representing the Canadian Transit Association, Montreal. The car had been designed at the instance of the United States Transit Association, Gray said, and \$1,000,000 had been spent in experimental work before it had been put into service.

"It is an attempt," he added, "to standardize on a vehicle that will compete with buses and private cars. The hope has been to produce a street car at from \$15,000 to \$17,000."

"As developed, it has remarkable powers of acceleration and deceleration. It is silent and comfortable."

The car was described as having hard rubber wheels which run on tracks.

Some of the cars were running in American cities, Gray said, but there was none in Canada yet.

The Arc de Triomphe in Paris was built to commemorate Napoleon's victories; construction was started in 1806 and finished in 1836, by Louis Philippe.

Persons having very keen eyesight can see the planet Jupiter in the daytime.

Kept Tennis Court Moving

Spectators Stood Every Time Queen Mary Changed Her Position

When the Queen Mother arrived on the last day of the tennis tournament at Wimbledon, the fifteen thousand spectators round the central court stood up like one man, while the players bowed from the court. That is a custom that is always observed. Around six o'clock Queen Mary arose and the fifteen thousand spectators likewise stood up, as in fitting when Her Majesty leaves the grandstand. But to the surprise Queen Mary sat down again. She had just shifted her position out of the sun. A suppressed chuckle ran round the stands, and a chuckle by fifteen thousand people, even if smothered, makes a lot of noise. The setting sun reached the Queen and Queen Mary changed her position twice more. Twice again all the trusty fifteen thousand stood up. Finally, when Queen Mary was really leaving at seven o'clock, she smilingly signalled the spectators to keep their seats.

Ninety-year-old Nels Hansen attended the golden wedding of his 70-year-old son Johannes in Helsinki, Finland.

America's most beloved actor of the day, Joe Jefferson, was born on February 20, 1829.

Don't Let Foods Stale

Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time if you cover them with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper.

Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs.

Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON ONTARIO

Warehouses at Calgary, Regina and Winnipeg

HILLCREST HAPPENINGS

A very successful whist drive was held Tuesday evening last at the home of Mrs. H. McVicar. Prizes were won by Mrs. A. Aitken, first; Mrs. D. Hutchison, second; Mrs. D. Grant, third.

Mrs. W. Rose returned home Sunday from Saskatchewan, where she had been visiting her son Walter.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Adam and daughter were week end visitors to Lethbridge.

Mrs. J. Mackie was hostess to a very successful whist drive held at her home on Friday evening. Prizes went to Mrs. Rees Richards, first; Mrs. F. White, second; Mrs. W. Young, third.

The Catholic ladies held their annual sale of home cooking and fancy work on Saturday. This affair, and the bingo parties held on Saturday and Monday evenings were very well supported.

Norman Millar left for Calgary on Sunday, where he will take up a position in the Empress theatre. Kenneth Thornton has taken the local position left vacant by Mr. Millar.

Mrs. James Leigh and daughter Verdun left for Edmonton on Sunday afternoon.

JUST ANOTHER DREAM

We went to bed the other night with Aberhart on our mind and before morning we had a dream. We had a vision that Aberhart died and went to heaven on the same kind of a fluke in which he was swept into the Alberta legislature. However, St. Peter refused to let Bible Bill into the heavenly portals on the grounds that he would only cause strife and commotion in heaven the same as he did on earth. St. Peter, therefore, got on the long distance telephone and communicated with Satan down in hell. The conversation lasted practically all day and many Social Crediters from this district were all "rubbering" on the line. St. Peter argued that if he let Aberhart through the pearly gates, the old boy would turn heaven into hell in eighteen months. "Nonsense," shouted back Satan, "Aberhart couldn't do anything in eighteen months. He has no plan—never did have one. You know that." "Yes," answered St. Peter, "but if I let the old boy in up here, he's liable to cause a lot of fuss—he might say we have no constitution and make his own laws. This is the highest court in the universe and where would I go for an appeal? He'll fire me and run the gates and the whole heavenly throne himself—and he may send me down to you. I pray thee, Satan, oh help me out of this mess!" Satan told St. Peter to hold the line a minute while he prodded Unwin and Powell with his brim-fire fork as they were squirming up towards the top of the pit. "Hello!" cried Satan to St. Peter. "I'm sorry, but I just can't take Aberhart in down here. You know that my fire has been burning ever since Eve ate that apple in the Garden of Eden and if I allow him down here I know just what will happen—as soon as he sees that there are no bankers and no editors in the pit, he'll commence barnstorming and, with his 'windy blasts' he'll immediately put my fire out. No, I can't have Aberhart down here!"

Just then the cat jumped up on the bed and woke us up, just in time for us to shut off the alarm clock. We turned on the radio and to our surprise some raspy old phonograph was broadcasting Aberhart's theme song of "O God Our Help in Ages Past." In a short time the bacon was sizzling in the frying pan and we were very thankful, indeed, that the sizzling was that of the bacon and not the rhinoceros hide of the premier midst Satan's fire and brimstone as our dream would have led us to believe had it not been for the family cat and the alarm clock.—The Stately Advertiser.

It wasn't considered necessary to call a special session of the Alberta legislature to decide on licensing chartered accountants. It must have been a mandate of the people.

BELLEVUE HAPPENINGS

A. Whitten spent several days visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Radford.

Mr. and Mrs. Fentin Smith and family, of Kimberley, spent the week end renewing old acquaintances here. James Tutt was a week end visitor to Lethbridge.

The opening dance of the season, staged in the I.O.O.F. hall on Friday night, was a real success. The pep music of Hoesk's orchestra added greatly to the enjoyability of the dance.

The Bellevue branch of the B.E.S.L. have installed a new automatic stoker in their building.

Sam Radford, who spent several weeks in Chicago, taking a Diesel engineering course, returned home on Friday evening.

Mrs. C. Bonne, of Todd Creek, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Rymaker.

Miss Beattie Davies spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Ernie Fisher. Bill Harvey left recently to attend the provincial school of technology and art at Calgary.

Mrs. J. Shevels entertained a number of ladies at her home on Monday evening.

The tea and sale of home cooking and fancy work, held in the I.O.O.F. hall on Wednesday afternoon by the members of Ray of Hope Rebekah Lodge, was a success in every way.

Don't forget the dance being held in the I.O.O.F. hall this Friday evening under the auspices of the West Canadian Collieries' band. Proceeds of the dance will go towards purchasing new instruments.

POLICING ALBERTA

The advantage of having the R.C.M.P. police Alberta was put succinctly by the attorney-general in June when he told the house: "They give us better value at less money." The Social Credit newspaper, in commenting on the debate in the legislature, stated that "if this province cannot submit to the policing of a force with the traditions, standards and efficiency of the R.C.M.P., then there is something wrong with this province and not with the police force." Only recently the provincial secretary, Mr. Manning, at the presentation of coronation medals to members of "K" division, said: "I wish on behalf of the government to pay tribute to the splendid record of the R.C.M.P., a record so universally known that nothing I can say can add to it."—Medicine Hat News.

Aberhart can bellow about his successes over the radio, but has he ever attempted to remark about his multiple failures. In one avenue only has he been a success—and who else has benefited from that?

COWLEY HAPPENINGS

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smyth, whose wedding took place in Calgary on October 6th, have returned from their honeymoon trip to points on the Pacific coast to take up residence on their ranch a mile west of here.

Mrs. George Dwyer has returned from a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. McQuarrie at Coleman.

Mr. and Mrs. V. Lawrence, of Pine Lake, have returned to their home after a visit here with Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Elton.

The funeral of Mr. Robert Welsh took place on Thursday at 2 p.m. Services at the United church and graveside were conducted by Rev. John Wood, of Hillcrest. Mr. and Mrs. Welsh celebrated their golden wedding some four years ago, when most of their children gathered at the old ranch home to do them honor. Pallbearers were Clifford Madden, James Walters, M. A. Murphy, F. A. Tustian, H. C. Morrison and Richard Alexander. Floral tributes were many and beautiful, and a long cortege of relatives and friends followed the remains to their last resting place.

On Thursday last, October 14th a miscellaneous shower of useful and beautiful gifts was given for Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Snyder in the Masonic hall on their return from a honeymoon trip to B.C. A large crowd honored the newly weds. The early part of the evening was devoted to cards, progressive whist being played, at which the lucky winners were Mrs. J. R. Wood, ladies' first; Mrs. F. A. Tustian, consolation; Angus Manfort, gents' first; Marcel Dumont, consolation. C. J. Bundy was master of ceremonies. After an appetizing luncheon, a lively dance was indulged in, with music by local talent. The dancing opened by the brides' dance, when four newly married couples occupied the floor, namely the guests of honor, and Mr. and Mrs. John McQuarrie, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smyth and Mr. and Mrs. Clovis Bonnier. This night's entertainment was sponsored by the Cowley Girls' Club, assisted by country women who joined in decorating the hall and providing refreshments, and in making the undertaking a huge success.

The voice from the Prophetic Bible Institute on Sunday again repeated that familiar old chestnut: "If I did not believe that, I was ordained by God to be premier of this province. I would not have accepted the position or continue to hold it." What supreme quackery and blasphemous piousness from a man who did not even have the courage to test out his own man-made Recall law! The voters of Okotoks-High River constituency, had they been given the opportunity, would undoubtedly have given the lie to Mr. Aberhart's mealy-mouthed, sanctimonious piffle.—Trochu Tribune.

PRE-CHRISTMAS SAILINGS TO EUROPEAN PORTS

The idea of spending Christmas in the Old Land is finding favor with a good many people this year, and as a result the railway and steamship companies are already making preparations to handle the increased traffic which naturally arises at this season of the year, the trans-Atlantic companies having already listed their pre-Christmas eastbound sailings from Montreal and Halifax, according to C. W. Johnston, general passenger traffic manager of the C.N.R.

There will be eight pre-Christmas sailings from Montreal, commencing with the Antonia, Ascania and Duchess of Atholl, all on November 19; the Duchess of York on November 24, followed by the Auranis, Letitia, Duchess of Richmond and Montrose on November 25. From Halifax there will also be eight sailings of steamers operating to the British Isles and Europe, these being the Alania and Montclair on December 4, the Carinthia on December 6, the Andania and Duchess of Bedford on December 11, the Athenia December 13, the Duchess of Richmond December 15 and the Duchess of Atholl December 16.

In addition to these sailings, there will be others from Halifax bound for Scandinavian and other countries. The Norwegian America Line steamer Bergenstorf sailing from New York will make a special call at Halifax, November 25, to pick up Christmas passengers from Canada for Bergen and Oslo, Norway, and connecting points in Northern Europe. There will also be two sailings from Halifax to Denmark and Poland, these being by the Gdynia-American Line, December 12, for Copenhagen and Gdynia, and the Swedish-American Line will have sailings from Halifax on November 20 and December 10 for Bothenburgh.

In order to take care of the extra volume of passenger traffic by rail for the pre-Christmas sailings, additional train service will be in operation.

NEW PRINCIPAL NAMED FOR MCGILL UNIVERSITY

Lewis Williams Douglas, LL.D., of New York and Phoenix, Arizona, former director of the United States budget under President Roosevelt, has been appointed principal and vice-chancellor of McGill University in Montreal.

In making the announcement, Sir Edward Beatty, Chancellor of McGill, issued the following statement:

"The Governors and Senate of the University are glad to announce the acceptance of the principalship of the University by Dr. Lewis Williams Douglas, of New York. Dr. Douglas comes to the University with a background of achievement, intellectual and practical, which ensures his success. Added to his great ability, he possesses a personality and character which assure the University of competent and wholesome administration. I am sure his colleagues on the faculties will find him a wise and generous counsellor and friend. McGill was fortunate, and Dr. Douglas is sure of a warm welcome when he assumes office on January 1st next."

Sir Edward Beatty explained that "both Dr. Douglas's father and grandfather were born in Quebec. Dr. Douglas's varied career has not separated him from the homeland of his forebears. His roots have been and are in Canada. His acceptance of the position of principal and vice-chancellor of McGill University has been received with greatest satisfaction by the governors and friends of that institution."

Apparently neither Powell nor Aberhart, whichever one is Premier, suspected the pit they were digging for themselves by the publishing of that malicious pamphlet. Not only the electorate have 18-year-old mentalities, for that was the most childish performance we have ever seen in public life. If it were not for its atrocious import it could well be set forth in ridicule.—Clareholm Press.

SH-H-H
WANT TO KNOW A
SECRET

WOULD you like to learn a secret that will make you the envy of your neighbors? A secret that will save you a lot of time and work and enable you to make the best bread and rolls you ever tasted—without trouble. Without laborious kneading. Without overnight setting.

Of course you would—and you can too! Just write The Quaker Oats Company, Department 5-44, Saskatoon, Sask., for your copy of "The Quaker Easy Method of Bread Baking". It's FREE—and contains the most valuable baking secrets you can possibly imagine.

Bill Aberhart knows probably better than anyone else in the world that there never will be \$25 dividends paid to all and sundry in Alberta without confiscation.

In Alberta, quite literally speaking, the people have stood a lot of nonsense from Premier Aberhart, and unless recent reports are in error, a large number of them were prepared to stand a lot of additional nonsense. But standing nonsense is one thing, and tolerating attacks on fundamental constitutional principles is another. When the right of access to the courts is threatened, when free speech and

free press are imperilled, when the Canadian citizenship of Albertans is threatened by measures which, if carried to a conclusion, could only mean the disruption of the Dominion, Mr. Aberhart has done something more than talk nonsense. Earlier he was merely insulting the intelligence of his fellow Albertans, a procedure that is not too dangerous anywhere. Now he has ventured to insult their feelings, and their deepest feelings of nationhood and civic rights. It is inconceivable that the people of Alberta will forgive those insults. Mr. Aberhart nears his end—Financial is threatened, when free speech and

Here's a real buy!

THAT MEANS A BIG SAVING IN MONEY FOR YOU

Think what this wonderful offer will mean in enjoyment throughout the whole year for yourself and your family. Magazines of your own choice and this newspaper, packed with stories, timely articles, helpful departments and colorful illustrations. Now is your chance.

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- ☐ Maclean's (24 Issues) 1 yr.
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- ☐ Canadian Magazine - 1 yr.
- ☐ Rod and Gun - - - 1 yr.
- ☐ Pictorial Review Combined Was Delineator - 1 yr.
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- ☐ Can. Horticulture and Home Magazine - 1 yr.
- ☐ Parents' Magazine - 6 mo.
- ☐ Silver Screen - - - 1 yr.
- ☐ Open Road for Boys - 16 mo.
- ☐ American Fruit Grower 1 yr.

GROUP 2

- ☐ News-Week (26 Issues) 8 mo.
- ☐ True Story - - - - 1 yr.
- ☐ Parents' Magazine - 1 yr.
- ☐ Open Road for Boys - 2 yrs.
- ☐ American Boy - - - 1 yr.
- ☐ Screenland - - - - 1 yr.

This Offer Fully Guaranteed—All Renewals Will Be Extended.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE!

\$ ALL FOR 3.00

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One magazine from group 1
AND
One magazine from group 2
and this newspaper.

OFFER NO. 2
Three magazines from group 1 and this newspaper

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Please clip list of Magazines after checking Publications desired. Fill out coupon carefully.

Gentlemen: I enclose \$..... Please send me the magazines checked with a year's subscription to your newspaper.
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— Put it in an Envelope and Mail it to —
THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE TODAY

Look at THE NAME! **Westinghouse**

Look at THE PRICE! **\$84.50**

Look at THE MACHINE!

Built as only Westinghouse is equipped to build it—this modern Cushioned-Action Washer gives you the utmost in value and efficiency. Saves your clothes as well as your time and labour. Built for a long life of service without trouble or attention. If you haven't electric power, Westinghouse supplies a gasoline-driven model, "Cushioned-Action" Washing. See your nearest Westinghouse dealer, or write direct to your Westinghouse branch for prices and information.

CANADIAN WESTINGHOUSE CO. LIMITED
Branches: CALGARY AND EDMONTON

Westinghouse
Cushioned Action **WASHERS**
RANGES • RADIO • REFRIGERATORS • APPLIANCES
LAMPS • RADIOTRONS

Aberhart is still allowed to pollute the Sunday atmosphere.

Heading in a newspaper reads: "Brain Power of Fish." Yes, sir, and you never hear of a fish suffering from a brain wave.

That silly piece of "accurate information" from Edmonton will go down in history as the most inaccurate publication of all time.

The Board of Trade of Hanna, Alberta, sponsored a special shopping week to celebrate the town's twenty-fifth anniversary.

"HAPPY HOURS"—The boys in the beer parlors believe that one happy hour should lead to another happy hour.—Ex.

Another great drawback to success is that by the time you are rich enough to sleep late you are so old you wake up early.

The marriage of Miss Hilda Roper to Mr. Fred Crossland, both of Pincher Creek, was solemnized by Rev. A. S. Partington on Sunday last at Blairmore. The young couple will take up residence in Pincher Creek.

Preparations are being made for the shipment to Dudley, Yorkshire, England, of two cub bears and two beavers, which are to be placed in a zoo in the English city as specimens of Canadian, and particularly Jasper park animal life.

Premier Aberhart declares that for Alberta general business conditions have never been better since 1929. Probably he meant "Aberhart," not Alberta. He didn't state that there was far less money in the province than there was in 1935, and without the money how can business prosper?

Contrary to claims advanced by opponents, we are advised that the People's League of Alberta is not a lot of banks or mortgage companies, nor is it an offspring of "big business" lolling in comparative wealth. The League, officials emphasize, has from its inception financed through memberships and voluntary contributions, and that is the practice still carried on.

INTRODUCING OUR PRIZE PACKET FOR 1937 the New Fall Samples

The Finest Collection of Harris, Mahony, and Canadian Tweeds; Fine West of England Worsteds and heavy dependable Imperial Serges at NEW LOW PRICES. And Remember—

UPTON-MEASURED SUITS FIT

J. E. UPTON - Merchant Tailor

BLAIRMORE FORTY-FIVE YEARS IN THE BUSINESS. ALBERTA

RADIO New Models in **RADIO**
SPARTON - NORTHERN ELECTRIC - ROGERS
Receiving Sets

Also see Us for Special Prices on Used Sets
Monthly Payments Arranged

Plymouth and Chrysler Dealers Blairmore Motors

PHONE 100 CHARLES SARTORI, Prop. BLAIRMORE
Let Us Serve You with TEXACO Gas and Oils

Mr. and Mrs. D. R. McKay are Edmonton visitors this week.

Quite a number from the Pass district attended the funeral of the late Robert Welsh at Cowley yesterday afternoon.

The local chapter of the I.O.E.E. will again sponsor the annual Armistice Dance, to be held in the Columbus hall on November 11th.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Moyer were visitors in Lundbreck over the Thanksgiving holiday.—Drumheller Review.

In his Sunday broadcast, Premier Aberhart made no mention of the Lunney commission report, according to the press.

Registration for the fall term at the University of Alberta is said to exceed all records, totalling in the neighborhood of 2125.

Robert McMeekin, who had his eye injured while working in the machine shops at Michel about two months ago, had to have the eye removed, the operation being performed at the Michel hospital last week.

A fish pack train crossed over the mountains through the Highwood district this week. They are reported on a lecture tour and hope to visit Edmonton, where they will expound some of their ideas to Messrs. Aberhart and Manning.

The Stately Advertiser correctly remarks that "our columns belong entirely to our readers. If Premier Aberhart desires space in our paper, he can have it on the same basis as the manufacturers and other business concerns who advertise in our columns."

Pitching a 10 x 12 tent northern style, using seven poles and two guy-stays, in 80 seconds, and taking it down, packing it and piling the poles in 61 seconds, a feat of the Kirkland Lake Boy Scout team, was one of the achievements of the sixth annual Northern Ontario Scout Jam-boree at Iroquois Falls. Other countries include pioneer bridge building, tree felling and fire lighting.

Local and General Items

The Editor will be pleased to receive items for this section, regarding visitors entertained, parties leaving for holidays or short trips, bridge parties, teas, etc. Please items in to 11 or hand them in at The Enterprise office no later than Wednesday evening.

Heading in an Ontario paper reads: "Alberta. What a mess!"

Teco Stores of Lethbridge carried eight full pages of advertising in last Friday's Lethbridge Herald.

One big guy in Alberta is mumbbling to himself: "Another few days and another thousand dollars."

"Blimey Hutton is limping around, accompanied by a clipped ankle."—The Gateway, Alberta University.

Yes, sir. Over in England they call Alberta the place where the people are going to get five pound a month for nothing. "Going to get" is right.

Bill Aberhart qualified for public school teaching, but he will have to go to school many years yet to be as well qualified as the newspaper editors are to handle their own business. And, he knows it!

The annual meeting of the Blairmore Beavers' Hockey Club will be held Monday night, Oct. 25th, in the Cosmopolitan hotel, at 7.30 o'clock. Everybody interested in this hockey club are urgently requested to attend.

At a regular meeting of the Blairmore Miners' Local on Sunday last, a resolution was passed granting co-operation with the Blairmore Community Sports Association. The meeting was addressed by the association president, Mr. Sidney White.

"Two years is not a very long time," particularly when your salary of around a thousand a month keeps rolling in; but to the poor down-and-out individual who would probably drop dead if he ever saw a fifty-dollar bill, two years is a mighty long period of time.

Pictures such as those of Teco Stores, appearing in last Friday's Lethbridge Herald, can only be displayed in the printed sheet—and the printed sheet is not what is looked upon today as a scab or cheap sheet. Teco believes in advertising in a proper way.

Misses Catherine and Helen Rose, of Hillcrest, are doing wonders as sprinters at the Edmonton variety. Helen came third in the 60-yard dash; Catherine second in discus throwing, third in 110-yard dash and second in 220 yards, at the University grounds recently.

George F. Powell, Douglas Social Credit consultant to Alberta; and J. H. Unwin, Social Credit M.L.A. for Edson, have been committed for trial in the Supreme Court on charges including defamatory libel and inciting to murder. Bail was set in each case at \$20,000.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Buchanan, of Vancouver, who have spent the greater part of the summer with their sons, R. R. and Colin, and their daughter, Mrs. Ross, all of the Pincher Creek-Cowley district, returned to their coast home last week. They were accompanied by their nephew, Douglas Buchanan.

Even comments on Aberhart's doings are declared to have deprived a local district guy of a fairly fair position with the government. Well, alright, but as far as The Enterprise is concerned, we have never had in our possession a dollar that we had not earned, and we are not looking for anything for nothing or any soft handouts.

When all the editors of Alberta take their assigned places in the provincial penitentiaries, Aberhart will then have under his control an army that can handle all his printing and his truthsayings capably. Before leaving Blairmore for the pen, we will instruct a local carpenter as to just what particular parts of our machinery should be packed up for Mr. Aberhart's use. No flowers, please?

In November the Soviet Union will be twenty years old.

From April 1st to September 30th, Canada paid out \$10,149,000 in relief.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Mitchell and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Vroom were visitors to town from Beaver Mines yesterday.

A postcard was received from Clarkfork, Idaho, stating "A McLeod moved; present address unknown."

There's a rumor that the next issue of "Who's Who in Russia" will be published in loose-leaf form.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Cox, of Pincher Creek, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary on Tuesday of this week.

Remember the date of the annual Armistice Dance, to be held in the Columbus hall, Blairmore, on Thursday, November 11th, under auspices of the local chapter of the I.O.E.E.

And this remark by Ogden L. Mills was copied by the Albertan: When government is no longer one of the people and by the people, it is simply a question of time before it ceases to be government for the people.

SALE of NEEDLEWORK and home cooking, also afternoon tea, Saturday, Oct. 20th, from 3 to 6, in the United church auditorium under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid. Many exquisite pieces of needlework will be for sale. [08-3t.]

The junior ladies' choir, under the capable leadership of Miss Lena Fraser, appeared at the United church on Sunday night last for the first time. Judging from their initial performance, there is every reason to believe that the choir will be a success.

When on a holiday trip towards California a couple of months ago, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Allen had the pleasure of a close-up view of the big "Maidliner" airship which crashed near Salt Lake City on Monday. They also secured several snaps of the big liner.

This week the Crows' Nest Pass has been experiencing the most ideal weather for this season in years—a real Indian summer. On the west side of the mountain range, however, conditions are somewhat different, for but twenty miles west of Blairmore it has been raining for several days.

It appears that very little interest is being taken in connection with registration of tenants, relatives, etc., on the municipal voters' list. By all means this should be attended to at once. See that your name is on the list and be qualified to exercise your franchise when election time comes.

We regret that in our issue of last week the name of Iris May should have been omitted. Iris, tied with Polly Gushul for second place in Grade 8 with a marks average score of 85. The three prizes were awarded by Crows' Nest Chapter of the I.O.E.E., to Grade VIII. pupils gaining highest marks percentage during the year.

Premier Aberhart, too, must have had a dream. In his broadcast on Sunday last he cited some items of the good his government has accomplished since coming into office in Alberta. But the average intelligent citizen cannot see it that way, particularly in face of the fact that more money has been collected by the present administration.

Under the auspices of Bellevue I.O.O.F. Lodge, a grand annual masquerade dance will be held in their lodge hall on the night of Friday, October 29th. Proceeds for benevolent purposes. Prizes for best dressed lady and gent, and best comic lady and gent. Grand march at 9.30. Hostess's orchestra in attendance.

Armistice Dance, Columbus hall, Blairmore, Thursday, November 11th.

John Kerr, junior, has accepted a position with the local branch of Western Grocers Limited.

Mrs. W. E. Tustian, of Cowley, underwent an operation in St. Vincent's hospital at Pincher Creek last week.

We would suggest to Mr. Alnutt that he forward his free publicity stuff to the mimeograph sheets. It's just about their size.

Senator Griesbach is of the opinion that Social Credit will pass "slowly" out of the Alberta picture. Well, why not speed it out?

We overheard a guy remarking a few days ago that Aberhart and Manning "will go down in history." Well, it's pleasing to know that they're to go down somewhere.

Under supervision of the local branch of the Canadian Legion, B.E.S.L., the local union cemetery has been considerably cleaned up in preparation for the graveside services of Remembrance Day.

The Macleod Gazette remarks: Great stress is placed on "elected representatives of the people," but there is great doubt that they represent the people at the present time—a doubt which is almost a certainty. The people know them better now.

Premier Aberhart in his Sunday broadcast from Edmonton made no mention of the "bankers' toadies" completed. So far it is apparent that he hasn't the goods in him to defend the pamphlets, issued from his pet printing office.

William (Dad) Harrison and his daughter, Mrs. Fred Gilroy, returned by the early morning train Monday from a several weeks' visit to relatives near Trenton, Ontario. Down there Dad had the pleasure of meeting his sister, aged 77, whom he had not met for about thirty years. Climatic conditions in Ontario did not altogether agree with Mr. Harrison, hence his return earlier than anticipated.

Aberhart should deny that this institution in Ponoka is a nut factory.

A large neon sign was erected in front of P. Colombo's premises this week.

In all that great licensing programme, why is it that bawdy houses have so far been overlooked?

The annual meeting of the Alberta Hotels Association will be held in Lethbridge Monday and Tuesday next, October 25-26.

A man named Thomas Roblits made a successful break from Lethbridge jail on Tuesday afternoon, and is still at large.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. J. Forster, of Lethbridge, were visitors to The Pass over the week end. Mr. Forster is the South Alberta manager of the Alberta Motor Association.

The Ladies' Aid of the Hillcrest United church will hold their annual bazaar in the church on the afternoon of Saturday, November the 27th, from 8 to 6 p.m. Bear this date in mind. [08-1.f.]

Since January of this year, prices have advanced on sweets, such as sugar, corn syrup and honey. From reliable sources comes the report that all varieties of molasses are due shortly for considerable advance in price.

Restoration of the world-famous Rheims cathedral, severely damaged during the Great War, has been completed. The repair work, which the late John D. Rockefeller contributed \$2,500,000, extended over twenty years.

The Drumheller Plaindealer last week remarked: "Hon. E. C. Manning recently announced that 14,000 True Blue pledges has been signed by Edmontonians. Check-up of votes cast in the recent by-election at Edmonton suggests that the True Blue signers either have gone into hibernation for the winter, or else the statement of Mr. Manning was not based on fact. Nothing like having honest government and a controlled press to keep the people informed of the truth."

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